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IN ASIA.

THE
Bombay Gazette.

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LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA

Date of Sailing 5.30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
10th May	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	.....
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
*31st "	MANORA	11000	.....	.....
7th June	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
14th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	.....
21st "	DELTA	8000	MOREA	11000
28th "	INDIA	8000	.....	.....
5th July.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
12th "	HIMALAYA	7800	.....	.....
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
26th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	.....
2nd Aug.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
9th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	.....
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
23rd "	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	.....
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000

All the above steamers are fitted with
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*These Vessels will call at MALTA.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipto connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on the day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on Wednesday, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and return tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on
Dumbea	5685	Aumeran	4th June, 1913.
"Ville de La Ciotat"	6378	Lafont	2nd July, 1913.
Nera	5685	Couaiz	30th July, 1913
Sydney	4142	Rat	27th Aug. 1913

PASSAGE FARES.

	1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) .. Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) .. "	891	743	405
To London (single) .. "	660	528	270
Do. (return) .. "	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

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H. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES AND GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI AND VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia	5229	D. Maganzini	May 15, 1913
Sardegna	5255	A. Muzio	June 15, 1913
Sicilia	5229	D. Maganzini	July 15, 1913

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER, AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available for two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND KOBE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	4050	G. Belsito	May 22, 1913
Capri	4196	E. Portunato	June 22, 1913

SALOON FARES to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165; to KOBE, Rs. 250; DECK FARES to SINGAPORE, Rs. 45; and to KOBE, Rs. 70.

Subject to alterations; for further particulars, apply to—

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers Tons Sailing Date Time Route via.
Linga ...2185 Mon. 12th May 11 a.m.* P.D. & C.M.
Dumra ...1695 Thurs. 15th May. 9 a.m. † C. M.
Lhasa ...2184 Friday 16th May ‡ 6 a.m. direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 15th May, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Bankura," 3,164, tons, on Thursday the 15th May, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
*Palamcotta	3413	Thursday, 15th May
†Lindula	3358	" 29th "
*Pentakota	3448	" 12th June.
†Pundua	3305	" 26th June.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

†Calls at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "Lightning," 3,315 tons, on or about 15th May.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
9th May, 1913.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay 1913.
*Elysia	6368	J.A. Coverley	18th May
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th June
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	15th June.
*Circassia	6722	C F. Osborne, R.N.R.	5th July.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	19th July
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	3rd Aug.
*Elysia	6368	J.A.Coverley	17th Aug.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	1st Sept.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	17th Sept.
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	15th Oct.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	26th Oct.
*Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	29th Nov.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	13th Dec.
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	16th Jan.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	31st Jan.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez ..... Rs.	413	627
Bombay to Port Said ..... "	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool "	578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool ..... "	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar ..... "	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool ..... "	605	957
Bombay to New York ..... "	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez ..... "	446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE).

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE FROM BOMBAY TO DURBAN VIA ZANZIBAR, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
* Konig	4900	Coltzan	17th May 1913
Praesident	3310	Schutt	3rd June 1913
Kanzler	3000	Schapp	16th June 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

* Wireless Telegraphy Twin-screw.

For rates and particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & CO.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street,
Bombay, 22nd April, 1913.

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ..... £ 415.000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

JAS. MURDOCH.
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	"	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.....	"	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur.)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Lioysang	Tihling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria.

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

S. UJIYE,
Post Box No. 207, Sub-Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $17,200,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... $ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipok	Johore
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hangkow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Pekin	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs.1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

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By Grattan Geary.

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Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights.

By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply to the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BANKS.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up ..	Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	" "	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits....	" "	627,775

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£	1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£	400.000
RESERVE FUND.....	£	15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£	600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shiply & Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E D Sassoon & Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.(of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL (paid up) " 25,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER)... " 36,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi. Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital, and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad, and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

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Best Flax Canvas

For full particulars apply:—

SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,
BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

BANKS

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armitsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141, RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 29,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA.

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoroie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description treatment. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Murree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—Gresham Buildings.

PAID UP CAPITAL .....Rs.	15,00,000
RESERVE FUND .....Rs.	1,00,000

Banking business of every description transacted.

PRESENT RATE for SHORT DEPOSITS.
Payable in 15 day's notice 2½ per cent. under Bank Rate.
Payable at 30 days' notice 2 per cent under Bank Rate.
Payable at 60 days' notice 1 per cent. under Bank Rate.

NO CHANCE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSITED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital show the Bank's progress in 1912

31st January, 1912 ..	Rs.	8,00,000
30th April, "	Rs.	24,00,000
31st July "	Rs.	52,00,0000
30th December "	Rs.	100,00,000

P. N. POCHKHANAWALA (C.A.I.B.), London, Manager

GROTRIAN-STEINWEG NACHF PIANOFORTES.

When we first introduced these instruments into India about 15 years ago a local professor of the pianoforte who was much impressed with their great musical qualities remarked that it was unfortunate that the name of the manufacturers was not less difficult to remember, as "Grotrian Steinweg Nachf" would tax even a retentive memory. This may be true to an extent, but from the manufacturers' point of view the name GROTRIAN STEINWEG discloses a history of 77 years of the most successful pianoforte building.

INDEPENDENT CONSTRUCTION has given to these pianos a marked individual character. INDEPENDENT CONSTRUCTION by which not only has greater volume and richness of tone been obtained, but considerable economy in dimensions also. Size for size, the Grotrian Steinweg pianos have greater penetrating power than any piano extant and they possess qualities which have secured for them the most Honourable Distinction from the WORLD'S GREATEST PIANISTS past and present and their rich musical qualities have also secured for them further Honourable Distinction, in, that they are used in the most celebrated musical institutions such as:—

THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BERLIN.
THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC, MUNICH.
THE GRAND DUCAL CONSERVATORY, KARLSRUHE.
DR. HOCH'S CONSERVATORY, FRANKFURT.
THE CONSERVATORIES AT STUTTGART, COLOGNE, STRASSBURG, BASLE, UTRECHT, Etc.
THE INSTITUTE MARIA ADELAIDE, PALERMO Etc., Etc., Etc.

At all the musical institutions mentioned above the GROTRIAN STEINWEG PIANOS are considered especially suitable for ARTISTIC PLAYING.

SOLE AGENTS,

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.
ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft shell; MALAGA RAISINS, and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes; and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES.

PETER'S AND NESTLE'S SWISS CHOCOLATES,
CADBURY'S AND FRY'S ENGLISH CHOCOLATES,
MORIONDS AND GARIGLIO'S ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
HELLERS' AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES,
KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES,
And Regal and Tudor Assortment of Chocolates.

NUT CHOCOLATE, MILK CHOCOLATE, CHOCOLATE NOUGAT, Chocolate Biscuits, Liqueur Chocolate, Chocolate Pralines, Chocolate in tablets, Chocolate in tins, and a large assortment of beautiful chocolate boxes suitable for presentation.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE TIME TESTED REMEDY FOR THESE TERRIBLE DISEASES.

MALARIA, AGUE, INFLUENZA, FEVER,

IS

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS.

Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain, work impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS, OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,

WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE SASSOON SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Forbes Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st May, 1913, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the business mentioned in the Circular posted to the Shareholders.

By order of the Board of Directors,
EARDESHIR EDULJEE DALAL,
Secretary.
No. 3, Forbes Street, Fort,
Bombay, 6th May, 1913.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY and erection of a STEEL or IRON TANK 200,000 gallons capacity the bottom c tank to be forty feet high above rail level and with foundations 10 feet below rail level at Bhusawal Station. The Tank to be supported on columns, the weight on foundations when tank is full of water not to exceed 1¼ tons per square foot.

Tenderers will submit their own design and the specification should state country where material manufactured. Designs and tenders should be submitted before noon on June 30th, 1913, to Undersigned who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
G. I. P. Railway,
Victoria Terminus.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
IN INSOLVENCY.
No. 230 OF 1911.
Re BANDEALI HIRJI KHOJA, and PIRMAHOMED HIRJI KHOJA, Insolvents.

NOTICE is hereby given that the abovenamed Insolvents have applied to the Court, for their discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 16th July, 1913, at 11-30 o'clock in the forenoon, for hearing the application.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.
Chief Clerk's Office, High Court,
Fort, Bombay, the 8th May, 1913.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M., (B. T.), on MONDAY, the 21st day of July, 1913, for the supply of :—

(1). Three 12 1-2 ton Steam Road Rollers fitted with scarifiers.
(2). Three 5 ton Motor Wagons.
(3). One 16 N. H. P. Portable Engine.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JAMES W. MACKISON,
B. Sc., A. M. I. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay 7th May, 1913.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS AT DELHI.
KING, KING & Co., 1, Kashmir Gate.

WANTED AT ONCE.

A SMART European advertising CANVASSER, those who have had experience in Newspaper Canvassing only need apply. Good pay to a first class man who can prove himself worthy of recognition.

Apply to MANAGER,
The "Bombay Gazette."

HOUSE, Bazaar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary Wages Table, Receipes, Instructions and Will Form by G. L. CHARD, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A. and N. Co-operative Society Ld., Bombay.

WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.,
DEALERS IN STATIONERY,
SURVEYING,
ENGINEERING,
AND
DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, Etc.,
ARTISTS'
MATERIALS, Etc.,
No. 9-13 KANTA BUILDING,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

6-30, 8-30 and 10.
OUR GREAT FILM,
MONTE CRISTO
A GREAT STORY
GREATLY PRESENTED.
And Full Film Programme.
RIEDL BROTHERS
The Kings of the Air
TO-MORROW
COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME,
INCLUDING SEVERAL EYE-OPENERS.
LOOK OUT FOR
MISS GEORGIE CORLASS
ON MONDAY.

CINEMA DE LUXE,

GAIETY THEATRE.
CINEMA THEATRES CO., LTD.
TO-NIGHT TWO HOUSES
6-30 and 10 P.M.
** MISS MARIE GODWIN **
The Charming Soubrette in Songs and Dances.
** THE MELBOURNES **
In a New Musical Sketch :
"GOODBYE FOR EVER."
** EILEEN MELBOURNE **
A DAINTY SINGER OF DAINTY SONGS.
And our "Exclusive" Pictures.
TO-MORROW.
RICARD AND BEST
(MONTE) (OLIVE),
IN THEIR GREAT MUSICAL ACT
MUSIC.....MIRTH.....MELODY.
LITTLE MONA,
AFRICA'S SHINING "STAR."
THE COMEDIENNE WITH A VOICE.
THE MELBOURNES
IN A NEW BURLESQUE,
Featuring:—EVERYBODYS DOING IT!!
EILEEN MELBOURNE
IN A BUDGET OF NEW SONGS.
NO ADVANCE ON OUR PRICES.

THE "ALCAZAR,"

CINEMA THEATRES Co., Ltd.
EDWARDES THEATRE, KALBADEVI.
6-30 TWICE NIGHTLY 10
** MDLLE. LYGIE **
IN HER LATEST ORIGINAL CREATION :
"THE BUTTERFLY"
** LEO GEORGE. **
AUGMENTED BY OUR PICTURES.
TO-MORROW
MDLLE. LYGIE
will present her masterpiece:
"THE FIRE DANCE."
REAL FIRE!! REAL FLAMES!!!
* MISS MARIE GODWIN. *
THE CHARMING SOUBRETTE.
NO ADVANCE ON OUR PRICES.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

DEWJEE CANJEE & CO., Chowkie. No. 6. First-class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE,

SANDHURST ROAD, GIRGAUM.

GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Commencing SATURDAY, 3rd May 1913.
SEE OUR 2
GRAND STAR FILMS
1.—MONTE CRISTO
3 PARTS 3,500 feet 3 PARTS
2.—BLOTED BRAND. WESTERN DRAMA.
PRICES Re. 1, and Ans. 8, 4 and 2.

TIME.

FIRST SHOW	7 to 8-30 p.m.
SECOND SHOW	9 to 10-30 p.m.
THIRD SHOW	11 to 12-30 p.m.

MATINEES EVERY SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
5-15 to 6-45 p.m. (S.T.)

NOTICE.

GRAND PRIZES ARE GIVEN AWAY EVERY SATURDAY AND SUNDAY DURING THE MATINEE'S SHOW.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge, Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

OWING TO PRESSURE OF WORK.

NIGHT SHIFT WANTED.

AT ONCE
FOR THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
LIMITED.

20 First Class COMPOSITORS.
12 „ „ MACHINEMEN.

Hours—8 P.M. to 4 A.M.

Apply at once to

ROBERT HILL,
General Manager and Secretary,
"Bombay Gazette," Limited.
Homjee Street.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKCS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grtatan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette," Electric Press

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 3 per thousand.) 6 ½ inch by 3½ inch Rupees 2½ per thousand,(if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.)

TO LET AT COLABA, near Bombay Green, a LARGE HOUSE, suitable for Hotel Club. Rent Rs. 300. Apply to D. NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle.

TO LET "HARROW" on the Hill at Ooty, for the hot weather, fully furnished. For rent and particulars apply to LAND MANAGER, Tata Sons and Co., Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10 Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED AT ONCE, by an EX-TEACHER, post as Nursery Governess, Companion, Secretary or Nurse. Bombay preferred. Good references. Apply Box No. 722, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET.

AIRY FLAT, Facing Apollo Piers Fittings up-to-date. Apply Box No. 930, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, or Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET ON THE COOPERAGE.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bedroom with Verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bathrooms, Shower, and W.C. Use of Dining-room. etc. Overlooking sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box N. 928, care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—As a going concern, a DAIRY FARM. Apply Box No. 935, care of this Paper.

SURGICAL APPLIANCES

BELTS, ENEMAS,
SUSPENSORY, BANDAGES
and all kinds of
RUBBER GOODS.
Best quality at lowest London prices.
Please state your requirements and enclose Money Order, and goods to full value will be sent per return post.
TAYLOR & Co., Drug. Stores,
35, SURREY STREET, STRAND,
LONDON, W. C.
ESTABLISHED 1871.

BRASSO
The Finest Polish
FOR
all metal works is
BRASSO
Stocked in all Bazars.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE
HAVE YOU A POLICY OF THIS DESCRIPTION ?
IF NOT IT WOULD BE ADVISABLE TO WRITE TO
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.
the Branch Managers of the
NORWICH and LONDON.
ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
PLEASE REFER TO ADVERT. IN THE INSURANCE COLUMN

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
NEW VARIETY PROGRAMME. A PICK OF THE WORLD'S PICTURES.
SEE THE NEW POWERFUL DRAMA
A FLASH OF LIGHT.
A PICTURE WHICH WILL GO STRAIGHT TO THE HEART.

The other Items are :—

1. GUARD'S MAN'S BRIDE.....(Pathetic Drama).
2. CAPTURE OF A VAGRANT.....(Colored Drama).
3. HAUNTED CASTLE.....(Magic effects).
4. HIGHFLYER'S AEROPLANE.....(Comic).
5. FOOLSHEAD ON FURLOUGH.

4 SHOWS NIGHTLY,
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 and 11-15 to 12-15.
PRIZE SHOW on SATURDAY and SUNDAY, 5-30 to 6-30. P.M.
CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

IN THE PRESS PRICE Rs. 5.

THE
Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4²²/₆₄d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

1913

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,
(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
GULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG
MAKERS OF
PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY
FOR LIST No. 20.
CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON
CODES: OWN & A. B. C. (5TH EDITION).

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
AGENTS :—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., KEMP & Co., Limited, &c.

WANTED.

WANTED, EUROPEAN MANAGER, for GREENS RESTAURANT, in Bombay. Applicants must have thorough experience of first class Restaurant and Grill Room, Apply by letter with copies of testimonials to GENERAL MANAGER, Taj Mahal Hotel.

WANTED, an ELECTRICIAN, to take charge of an installation at the Bacteriological Laboratory, Parel. Experience with oil engines and accumulators essential Salary Rs. 70 per mensem.

Applicants should state their age and experience and submit copies of testimonials.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER,
Public Works Department, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WANTED for the Office of the Undersigned a EUROPEAN CLERK, experienced in Railway stores work procedure. Salary according to qualifications.

Application, with copies of testimonials should be submitted to the undersigned.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
G. I. P. Railway,
Victoria Terminus.

WANTED.—The following men (Mahomedans only) are REQUIRED, for out-station.

Pay per mensem. With
1 Lighthouse keeper...Rs. 70-5-100 rations.
3 Assistant Lighthouse keeper .....Rs. 50-5-70 each do.
4 Lascars, 2nd class ...Rs. 16 each do.
2 Bhandaries, 1st class.Rs 15 each do.
2 Topasses .....Rs. 14 each do.

The applicants must apply in person to the Staff Officer, R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, with their Service Certificates.

Lighthouse keepers must be able TO READ AND WRITE ENGLISH.

KING GEORGE V. ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE.
APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED

FOR a duly qualified, full-time MEDICAL OFFICER for Dispensary and District work. Candidates should be familiar with the working of Tuberculosis and Tuberculin Dispensaries in Europe and with the Technique of Tuberculin administration.

Salary according to qualifications, from Rs. 250—350. Apply by letter only with original testimonials before the 15th instant to—

THE JOINT HONORARY SECRETARIES,
King George V. Anti Tuberculosis League,
Princess Street, Bombay.

WANTED SUFFERERS to use our harmless SANYASI'S OIL, externally, for nervous debility (unitching). A Phial Rs. 2 only. Dr. RUPCHAND B. M., Shikarpur, Sind.

WANTED.—TWO ENGLISH GENTLEMEN to join two others in a Chummerie. For further particulars, apply to Box No. 916, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—12 GOOD JOBBING COMPOSITORS, required at once. Must be able to read English. Good salary to the right men. Apply to the MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette," Homji Street, Fort.

A EURASIAN MACHINE MINDER for night work required at once. Must be competent to take charge of the printing of a newspaper. Write, giving full particulars, salary required, etc., to Box No. 929, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED IMMEDIATELY TWELVE EXPERIENCED BOOKBINDERS. Apply MANAGER, The Bombay Gazette.

IMMEDIATELY REQUIRED 20 BOYS FOR SALE of Newspapers. Apply MANAGER "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A MUKADUM Machine Minder. One able to speak English. Good salary to the right man. Write, with full particulars, to Box No. 945, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—BOARD and LODGING, by an Anglo-Indian, from the 1st June, in Elphinstone Circle, or near PROXIMITY. Apply W. A., care of the "Bombay Gazette."

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	„ 11 0
Quarterly	„ 6 0
Monthly...	„ 2 0
SINGLE COPY... ...	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	„ 13 8
Quarterly...	„ 7 0
Monthly...	„ 2 8
SINGLE COPY	TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette,"

See Special Short Advertisements Column

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	Rs. 6-0 per Inch.
Second Insertion ...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards..	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge ...	„ 6-0 do.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Condemned, Old and Unserviceable Stores.

On THURSDAY, the 22nd instant at 2-30 p.m, (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depot, Parel, a quantity of condemned, old and unserviceable stores such as empty acid jars, varnish tins, and kerosine oil tins, paint cans, baskets, bath tubs, motarpans, commode pans, lamps of sorts, lamps street with brackets, iron drums 5 and 10 gallons, tin lining, cast iron weights, iron bands, hoop iron, hand barrows, furniture, chimneys, empty wooden casks, iron cots, glass scrap, bellows leather, manilla ropes, empty packing cases, W. I. oil tank, rubber scrap, old files, India-rubber cuttings, cloth cuttings, filters, leather scrap and cuttings, zinc lining, leather hose pipes, leather belts, bags, pouches, canvas pipes, gas pipes, copper and brass utensils, brass bells, brass couplings, iron kettles, screw augers, wooden boxes, glass cases, American clocks, pulleys with rubber tyres, vacuum brake pipes, scales weighing silver and sovereigns and copper shovel, stamping pads, ink bottles, tapes measuring, ticket dating presses and type boxes, canvas and leather cash bags, enamelled iron utensils, table and hurricane lamps, copying presses, cotton suites, typewriters, books, punkhas, umbrellas, saws of sizes, saws band endless for cutting hardwood, double action brass hinges, galvanized iron nails, brass and iron screws, wood, American buffaloes' hides, old records, books and forms, steel double shear flat, etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 9th May, 1913.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ● NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

JJ&S
PURE POT STILL WHISKEY.
The quality of this fine old mild flavoured Whiskey is guaranteed the same to-day as for the past 130 years.
JOHN JAMESON & SON, LD., DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. The King.

Stephens'
Inks
Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons
for Typewriters.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's steamer Hoseinee, 993 tons, Captain M. A. Fanning, arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

The Hall Line steamer Newby Hall, 2,839 tons, Captain J. W. Parker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Durban 22nd April with a cargo of coal.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Nawab, 2,041 tons, Captain H. E. Kass, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 25th April with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Beme, 1,899 tons, Captain J. Younger, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon 23rd April with a cargo of Kerosine oil.

The steamer falls of Nith, 3,021 tons, Captain Mackenzie, will sail to-day for Antwerp etc. with a general cargo.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

MEN-OF-WAR AND R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Swiftsure ..Capt Nugent...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr Ward .....R I M
R I M S Minto...Lieut G H Finnis...R I Marine
Patrick Stewart...Townsend.....I G T S
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr Headlam ...R I M
R I M S Dufferin . Comdr La Touche ...R I M
R I M S Investigator.....Capt Hickman Survey Str.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—MAY 8.

Aviemoor.....2382 Koefod.....T Jeewandas
Avristan .....2448 Cold .....J F and Co
Barala...1899 Milne .....M & C.
Begum.....2942 Dooley .....T M and Co
Beme.....1899 Younger.....B W and Co
Caithness...2221 Ridland.....T M and Co
Cheltonian.....2761 Jones.....K N & Co
Canara.....3889 Phillips .....M M & Co
Crossby.....2530 Williamson .....T M and Co
Clan Fraser...2285 Fisherden .....J F and Co
Dan.....2759 Cuchiel ...W and A G and Co
Den of Kelly...2877 White .....K N and Co
Faris.....737 Coates.....Arao Steamers
Galavale .....2441 Socars.....A Yule
Istrar.....2979 Jacob.....K N & Co
Itola.....3401 Tucker.....M M & Co
Kassra .....504 Burbridge.....M M & Co
Kalona .....3209 Keasley .....Antwerp... W & A G & Co
Kish .....3148 Robertson...W and A G and Co
Lightening...2121 Croaston.....M M and Co
Marmaris ...Comdr Muhlis ...Turkish G Boat
Nawab.....2041 Kass .....T M and Co
Newby Hall .....2839 Parker.....K N and Co
Palmcotta.....2207 Stockwell...M M and Co
Rio Sado.....Ortegoo.....Port Gun boat
Rangoon Maru...3816 Kamoshita...N Y Kaisha
Riverdale .....2752 Mackind .....T M and Co
Sigrun...1384 Cnarheim...W and A G and Co
Shah Jehan .....698 Nacoda.....Nacoda
Stephanotis...2584 Goodridge...A Yule and Co
Stolzenfels ...3554 Alterneyan ...W & A G & Co
Vellore .....3168 Kiddleston..... T M & Co
Yola .....2246 Williams...L Dreyfus & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—MAY 8.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Basano	2762	Boxhall	Hull		J F and Co
B Ormiston	3147	Hamilton			J F & Co
C&R Sicilia	3186	Maganzimi			B. Line
D&E Sonig	3176	Caltzen			A S & Co
F City of Manchester	3553		Martin		
			Karachi	10-5	K N & Co
G Hoseinee	998	Fanning			T M and Co
K Banca	3794	Potter	Kobe		P & O Co
M Magdala	3134	Galloway		15-5	W & A G & Co
N Clintonia	2440	Mathews	Genoa	8-5	R E Collins & Co
P Falls of Nith	3021	Mackenzie	Antwerp	9-5	W and A G & Co
Q Khosrou	2410	Hannah	Jeddah	10-5	T M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Habsburg	2365	Selerich			A L S N Co
2 Elysia	3998	Coverley	Liverpool	18-5	W & A G & Co
3 Austria	4830	Camilich			A L S N Co
4 Branksome Hall	2727	Field			K N & Co
5 Fultalla	2702	Tallent			M M and Co
6 Chanda	3951	Cunningham		10-5	M M & Co
7 Lea of Airlie	3735	Thomson	M'seilles	12-5	K N & Co
8 Wartenfels	2834	Reimer			W & A G & Co
9 Tannenfels	3411	Gordes	Karach	8-5	W & A G & Co
10&11 Iran	4066	Peabody	Dunkirk	10-5	K N & Co
12&13 Persia	4154	Bradshaw			P and O Co
15 African Monarch	2593	Dakers	Kobe	25	T M & Co

H W V D

Lhasa	953	Penny		M M and Co

H W P D

Saburmati	524	Ahmed	Bo	S N Co
Juba	134	Cassum	Bo	S N Co

M W O D

Bandkura	1905	Whitehead	Busreh	15-5 M M and Co

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessels.	Commander.	From
7	Hoseinee	Fanning	Aden, April 29
8	Nawab	Kass	Calcutta, Apl 25
	Beme	Younger	Rangoon, Apl 23
	Newby Hall	Parker	L'goa Bay, Apr 22

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
8	Dwarka	Moxon	Persian Gulf
	Hatumet	Peters	Naples
	Barala	Milne	Busreh

The steamer Falls of Nith, Captain Mackenzie, obtained her portclearance yesterday for Antwerp.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Caledonien for Marseilles.
" Clan Fraser for Antwerp etc.
" Cheltonian for Liverpool etc.
" Hoseinee for Jeddah.
" Crosby for Liverpool.
" Ormiston for Liverpool.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi Co's s s Ischia from Kobe left Singapore for Penang and Bombay on the 7th instant.

News from Simla shows that the Fire Brigade considered the fire early on Tuesday morning to have been the most dangerous that has occurred for several years. It is therefore all the more creditable to the Brigade that it was got under before it could spread to the upper bazaar. The two houses gutted will have to be completely rebuilt.

NURSING MOTHER, if you find your Milk either a scanty or poor we strongly recommend you to take ANGEL'S GALACTOGOGUE, a most reliable preparation that produces a plentiful healthy and natural flow of Milk. It enriches the blood and converts the watery non-feeding fluid into a rich nutritious diet. To be had at MADON, SONS and Co Crawford Market, Bombay

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

THOMAS.—At Dehra Dun, on the 5th April, the wife of Captain R. H. Thomas, Royal Engineers, of a son.

CHRISTOPHER.—At Parsonage Cottage, Kasauli, on the 2nd May, the wife of Captain C. de L. Christopher, S. and T. Corps, of a daughter,

DEATH.

HARRIS.—At Agra, on the 28th April, Nathaniel Harris, aged 62 years and 5 months, youngest son of the late Rev. John Harris.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English mail steamer "Salsette," due 5 a.m.
Indo-Malwa United Mills, Limited, Ordinary Ganeral Meeting, Esplanade-road, Fort, 1-30 p.m.
Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Cinema De Luxe, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, 6-30 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.
Alcazar Cinematograph, Edwardes Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
Coronation Cinematograph "Harishchandra," Sandhurst-road.

Maxim: A truthful man attains by his truthfulness what a liar can not attain by his cunning.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour to-morrow at 2-39 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure or the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-20
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. C. H. Barnard, V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. H. Dowsall, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day :—

March .....Bavaria.....Starke
Overture .....Fra Diavolo.....Auber
Grand Selection .....Faust.....Gounod
Valse .....La Valse d'Amour.....Cremieux
a Song (Cornet Solo)...Little Grey Home in the West.....Lohr
b Op 101 No. 7. Humoroska.....Dvorak
Melodies from The Maids of Japan .....Monckton
One-Step.....Porcupine Patrol.....Monckton

NEW TAXI-STAND AT APOLLO BUNDER.—The present stand for taxi-meter motors between the Taj Mahal and Green's Hotels, has been cancelled as such, and a new stand has been prescribed in Ormiston-road, east of Colaba Causeway. A notification to this effect appears in the current "Government Gazette."

THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The following animals have been presented to the Zoological collection :—Two common Indian Otters (*Lutra nair*), by Mrs. R. Hollerd of the Bharatpur Agency, and one Indian Antelope (*Antelope Cervicapra*), by Mr. T. S. Dawson.

BULLOCK-CART ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday evening a Hindoo boy, named Shivaram Yessoo (15), tried to pass between two carts going in opposite directions along Jamnagar-street. He passed close to one of the bullocks which butted him and he fell down under a wheel of the other cart, which passed over his body, severely injuring him. He was taken to the G. T. Hospital, where it was ascertained that five of his ribs and the right collarbone had been fractured.

BULLOCKS DROWNED.—On Wednesday afternoon labour cart No. 369 2 was being driven into the Victoria Docks, when the bullocks, which were not well trained, shied at sight of another cart and backed, and precipitated themselves and the cart into No. 10 Wet-basin. The cartman, however, escaped by jumping from the cart in time. The bullocks were drowned and their carcasses as well as the cart were lifted out of the basin by means of a crane.

THE KASHMIR WEDDING.

Our Bhavnagar correspondent wrote on the 7th inst.:—A special train conveying the Raja and heir-apparent of Kashmir and other notabilities, arrived at Wadhwan at 8-30 p.m. yesterday, and was followed by two other special trains, conveying officers, retinue and personal effects, at midnight and at 1-30 a. m. this morning. Deputations waited upon the party at Viramgam and Wadhwan, at which stations arrangements were made for refreshment and dinner, respectively. The royal party was accorded a cordial and enthusiastic reception. The usual salutes were fired, whilst guards of honour presented arms.

The bride is a niece of the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot, whilst the bridegroom is the heir-apparent of Kashmir.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and the principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.

BOGIE STOCK, RESTAURANT CARS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.

BASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

Through carriages between Bombay and Lucknow; Bombay and Kalka (for Simla); Jhansi and Dehra Dun.

BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

DOWN from Bombay. H. M.		UP to Bombay. H. M.
19-15...Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
0-37...Arr.	Manmad .....Dep.	6-46
10-24... „	Bhopal ..... „	21- 2
12-53... „	Bina ..... „	18-35
15-14... „	Jhansi ..... „	15-58
17-25... „	Gwalior ..... „	13-43
19-55... „	Agra Cantonment „	11- 9
20-49... „	Muttra ..... „	10-15
23- 0... „	Delhi ..... Dep.	8- 0
23-25...Dep.	Delhi ..... Arr.	7-28
3-17... „	Amballa Cantonment ..... Dep.	3-55
5-39... „	Ludhiana ..... „	1-23
6- 2... „	Phillaur ..... „	0-54
6-45... „	Jullundur ..... „	0-16
8-29... „	Amritsar ..... „	22-39
11-50... „	Lahore ..... „	21-35
14-33... „	Lala Musa ..... „	15-43
18-51... „	Rawalpindi ..... „	11-44
23-18...Arr.	Peshawar Cantonment ..... „	6-54

BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND SIMLA.

DOWN H. M.			UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay	...Arr.	12-35
23- 0.....Arr.	Delhi	Dep.	8- 0
23-25.....Dep.		Arr.	7-28
2-52.....Arr.	Amballa	Dep.	3-55
3-45.....Dep.		Arr.	2-51
5-38.....Arr.	Kalka	Dep.	1- 0
6-15.....Dep.		Arr.	0-12
12-42.....Arr.	Simla	.....Dep.	18- 0

BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.

DOWN H. M.		UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
16-15..... „	Jhansi .....Dep.	15-58
18-15..... „	Orai ..... „	13-11
20-14..... „	Cawnpore ... „	11- 8
21-45..... „	Lucknow ..... „	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 8th May, 1913.

137. Regimental Committee Meeting.—There will be a Meeting of the Regimental Committee on Tuesday, May 13th at 9 p. m.

Business :—To consider an estimate for White Mess-Kit.

118. Arms return of—Members in possession of Arms, and Accoutrements are requested to return them to Head-quarters early as possible.

(Sd.) A. D. CURTIS, Lieut. R. G. A.
Offg. Adjt., B. V. A.

NOTICE.

A series of whist drives will be held during May, at the Regimental Institute on the following dates :—

Thursday, May 8th, 15th, 22nd and 29th.
Commencing at 9-30 p.m.
The charge for each whist drive will be As. 8 per head.
Dress :—For whist drive Optional.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. P. R. CADELL, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 9th May, 1913.

298. Musketry.—There will be a Spoon Shoot on Sunday the 11th May, distances 200, 500, and 600 yards. Train leaves Victoria Terminus, at 5-40 a.m.

No entrance fee or subscription.

299. Extract from Bombay Government Notification No. 3375 dated 30th April 1913.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

His Excellency Lord Sydenham, G. C. S. I., G. C. M. G., G. C. I. E., resigns the Office of Honorary Colonel with effect from 1st April 1913.

300. Leave.—No. 6825 Corpl. V. D. Cove "G" Coy. is granted leave of absence from 26th April to 26th October 1913.

301. Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "F" Company :—
No. 7472 Vol. F. Weston.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, CAPT.,
Offg. Adjutant, B.V.R.

SUN, MOON, AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.		Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Sill. ft.	in.
	May					
Fri	9	m	0	32	26	6
			1	31 a	28	5
Sun	11	m	1	56	25	7
			3	5 a	27	6
Mon	12	m	2	49	24	11
			4	5 a	26	11
Tues.....	13	m	3	59	24	5
			5	8 a	26	6

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.		Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Sill. ft.	in.
	May					
Fri	9	m	9	37	14	11
			7	24 a	19	2
Sun ...	11	m	7	53	14	11
			9	5 a	19	7
Mon	12	m	8	44	16	10
			10	17 a	20	5
Tues	13	m	9	49 a	17	11
			11	46 a	19	11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

May	Sunrise.		Sunset.	
9 (Friday)	do 6h.	7m.	do 7h.	3m.
12 (Monday)	do 6h.	5m.	do 7h.	4m.
13 (Tuesday)	do 6h.	5m.	do 7h.	4m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last quarter, April 28th, 11h. 39.2m. a.m.; New Moon, May 6th 1h. 54-3m. p.m.; First quarter, 13th, 5h. 15-0m. p.m.; Full Moon, 20th, 0h. 48-1m. p.m.; Last quarter, 28th. 5h. 33-7m. a. m.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. M. R. Jardine, Barrister-at-Law, to be substantive pro tem. Advocate General with effect from the 9th June, until the return from leave of the Honourable Mr. T. J. Strangman, LLB. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law, or pending further orders.

The provisional recognition of the appointment of Herr Ernest Neuenhofer as Consul for Germany at Karachi has been confirmed.

Mr. C. R. Roper, I. C. S., Third Grade Judge, has been allowed four months' furlough.

Mr. R. M. Phillips, on return from leave, to be District Superintendent of Police, Nasik.

Mr. C. E. Lynch-Blosse to act as District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. D. Healy until the date of relief by Mr. Phillips.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, LL.B., to act as Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. B. N. Athavle, LL.B., to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. Basil N. Lang, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Administrator General and Official Trustee, Bombay, during the absence on leave of Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Barrister-at-Law, or pending further orders.

Mr. W. G. Clabby, on return from leave to be District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba.

Mr. F. L. Clifford is to act as District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. W. Slone until the date of relief by Mr. Clabby, or pending further orders.

Mr. Bhaishankar Gopalji Joshi, Mahalkari in the district of Surat, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. R. M. Phillips, on return from leave, is to be District Superintendent of Police, Nasik.

Mr. C. E. Lynch-Blosse is to act as District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. D. Healy until the date of relief by Mr. Phillips.

Mr. B. V. Dhume, Huzur Deputy Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Dharwar, has been invested with the power to require security for good behaviour.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad Barrister-at-Law, Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave from the 13th May to 21st June 1913.

The following appointments during the absence on leave of Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad, have been made, Mr. Frank Oliveira, LL.B., to act as Second Presidency Magistrate, Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. B. N. Athavle, LL.B., to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. A. I. Shaikh, First Assistant Professor, Bombay Veterinary College, is appointed as a Fourth Grade Deputy Superintendent in the Civil Veterinary Department.

Mr. Tulsidas Chaturbhuj Ojha is to act as a Sixth Grade Deputy Collector in Sind during the absence on leave of Mr. Hardasmal Udernomal or pending further orders,

Mr. Krishnaji Vasudeo Joshi, District Deputy Collector West Khandesh, is granted privilege leave for one month and a half with effect from 2nd May 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

The following appointments have been made : Mr. G. A. Hiremath, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, West Khandesh. Mr. N. N. Sathe to act as District Deputy Collector, West Khandesh, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. K. V. Joshi until the date of relief by Mr. G. A. Hiremath. Mr. K. V. Joshi, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, Bijapur.

Mr. H. W. Starte to do duty as Divisional Forest Officer, North Khandesh, during the absence on leave of Mr. J Dodgson or pending further orders.

Mr. Rango Keshav Sindgikar, Head Accountant, Belgaum, acted as Huzur Deputy Collector, Belgaum, from 3rd January to 3rd February 1913, both days inclusive,

The following appointments have been made with effect from 1st June 1913:—Miss Mabel Newland to be Lady Superintendent, Training College for women and High School for Indian girls, Poona, vice Miss Mary Bhore, deceased. Miss F. L. McAfee to be Lady Superintendent, Training College for women, Dharwar, vice Miss Mabel Newland.

Messrs. Jacob E. Solomon, L.M. and S., and Vasant Rajaram Masurekar, L.M. and S., are appointed Assistant Surgeons of the Third Grade.

Mr. Vithal Tanaji Kadrekar is appointed acting Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court, Malvan, in place of Mr. Bhikaji Lakshman Shinde on privilege leave.

Mr. R. B. Khangaokar delivered over and Mr. A. R. Karnik, Joint Sub-Judge, received charge of the office of Subordinate Judge of Mahad on the 21st April.

Mr. A. R. Karnik, Joint Sub-Judge of Mahad, delivered over charge of the office of the Sub-Judge of Mahad to Mr. M. R. Chakradev, Clerk of the Court, Mahad Sub-Court, on the 24th April.

Mr. S. J. Yajnik, Subordinate Judge of Bassein, delivered over charge of his office to Mr. A. V. Bhise, Clerk of the Court, Bassein Sub-Court, on the 25th April.

Mr G. L. Chandorkar delivered over and Mr. S. J. Yajnik received charge of the office of the Sub-Judge of Pen on the 26th April.

Mr. A. V. Bhise, Clerk of the Court, delivered over, and Mr. Bhogilal Narandas Shah received charge of the office of the Sub Judge of Bassein on the 28th April.

Mr. D. V. Nagarkatti delivered over and Mr. R. N. Kini received charge of the office of the Mamlatdar of Parasgad on the 3rd April.

Assistant Surgeon Yashavant Govind Nadgir, M.S., is to act as Civil Surgeon, Ratnagiri, vice Major A. G. Sargent, I.M.S., as a temporary measure pending further orders.

The following appointment has been made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor with effect from the 7st May 1913:—Meherban Abdul Majid Khan Diler Jang Bhadur, Navab of Savanur, to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Messrs. D. N. Damle, Extra Assistant Consertor of Forests, and W. C. Milne Assistant Conservator of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Sub-Division Forest Office, East Khandesh, on the 22nd April.

Mr. Bhimbhai Khandubhai Desai, Overseer, Second Grade, is transferred from the Presidency to the Surat and Broach District, and Mr. Krishnaji Moreshwar Deshpande, Overseer, Third Grade, from the Surat and Broach to the Kolaba District.

Mr. N. V. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Olpad, is to be Subordinate Judge, Vagra. Mr. C. M. Javeri, Subordinate Judge, Dhandhuka and Gogha. Mr. P. C. Desai, Subordinate Judge Dhandhuka and Gogha, is to be Subordinate Judge, Olpad.

Mr. Maganlal Bhaidas Lalaji, Mamlatdar of Godhra, is granted six weeks' privilege leave with effect from 5th May 1913 and Mr. Rasiklal Manibhai, Extra Aval Karkun Godhra, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of the taluka during his absence,

Mr. Gopal Laxman Gajendragadkar, Mamlatdar, Pen, is granted six weeks, privilege leave, and Mr. A. L. Nadkar, Head Karkun, Pen, is appointed to act for him.

FALL IN A DELIRIUN.

Yesterday morning, a Eurasian named James, aged 42, residing with his three daughters in a flat at Jubilee buildings, Chukla-street, was found lying on the road. Apparently he had fallen from the verandah of the house, a height of about twenty feet, and was badly injured on the head and body. From enquiry it appears that James had been suffering from fever for the last few days. At about 1 a. m. yesterday morning one of the girls, aged 19, heard someone walking about in the house, and on looking discovered her father. She asked him what was the matter when he turned to strike her. She therefore left him and went to sleep. He was afterwards found walking on the verandah and breaking certain articles in the house. The eldest daughter suspects that somebody threw her father from the verandah, but there is nothing to show that anybody was in the house during the night.

Mr. James is, however, progressing well in hospital, but is entirely ignorant of the cause of his fall.

FATAL OVERDOSE OF OPIUM.

On Wednesday morning a Bania named Cooverji Megji was found lying in an unconscious condition on the road at Nishanpada, and was taken to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he died the same evening. It was ascertained that the deceased was suffering from the effects of an overdose of opium. The man was working in a cold drink shop at Mandvi and had no fixed residence. It was assertained on further enquiry that the deceased was in the habit of taking intoxicating drugs. An inquest was held at the Morgue yesterday morning and the jury returned a verdict of death from an overdose of opium.

The Beginning of Happiness is Health, and he beginning of Health is an active Liver. Make it so by using FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL, the health liver and rope.—MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

Mr. Edalji Behramshah Hodivala, Magistrate of the First Class and Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ahmedabad City and suburbs, has been invested with the power to call for records.

Mr. G. V. Bhachech, Huzur Deputy Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmedabad, has been granted the power to require security for good behaviour.

Mr. M. S. Moulavi, District Deputy Collector in the district of Satara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr. Krishnaji Balwant Koshe, Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Thana, has been invested with jurisdiction to try cases arising under section 62 of the Bombay District Police Act.

A temporary appointment of Second Class Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, for the period from the 3rd January 1913 to the 14th June 1913 has been created and Mr. D. V. Yennemadi appointed to hold it and to do duty as Additional Second Class Subordinate Judge, Muddebihal, pending further orders.

Mr. W. G Clabby, on return from leave is to be District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba.

Mr. F. L. Clifford is to act as District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. W. Slone until the date of relief by Mr. Clabby, or pending further orders.

Mr. Bhaishankar Gopalji Joshi, Mahalkari in the district of Surat, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. R. M. Phillips, on return from leave, is to be District Superintendent of Police, Nasik.

Mr. C. E. Lynch-Blosse is to act as District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. D. Healy until the date of relief by Mr. Phillips.

Mr. B. V. Dhume, Huzur Deputy Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Dharwar, has been invested with the power to require security for good behaviour.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad Barrister-at-Law, Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave from the 13th May to 21st June 1913.

The following appointments during the absence on leave of Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad, have been made, Mr. Frank Oliveira, LL.B., to act as Second Presidency Magistrate, Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. B. N. Athavle, LL.B., to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. A. I. Shaikh, First Assistant Professor, Bombay Veterinary College, is appointed as a Fourth Grade Deputy Superintendent in the Civil Veterinary Department.

Mr. Tulsidas Chaturbhuj Ojha is to act as a Sixth Grade Deputy Collector in Sind during the absence on leave of Mr. Hardasmal Udernomal or pending further orders,

Mr. Krishnaji Vasudeo Joshi, District Deputy Collector West Khandesh, is granted privilege leave for one month and a half with effect from 2nd May 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

The following appointments have been made : Mr. G. A. Hiremath, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, West Khandesh. Mr. N. N. Sathe to act as District Deputy Collector, West Khandesh, from the date of departure on leave of Mr. K. V. Joshi until the date of relief by Mr. G. A. Hiremath. Mr. K. V. Joshi, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, Bijapur.

Mr. H. W. Starte to do duty as Divisional Forest Officer, North Khandesh, during the absence on leave of Mr. J Dodgson or pending further orders.

Mr. Rango Keshav Sindgikar, Head Accountant, Belgaum, acted as Huzur Deputy Collector, Belgaum, from 3rd January to 3rd February 1913, both days inclusive,

The following appointments have been made with effect from 1st June 1913:—Miss Mabel Newland to be Lady Superintendent, Training College for women and High School for Indian girls, Poona, vice Miss Mary Bhore, deceased. Miss F. L. McAfee to be Lady Superintendent, Training College for women, Dharwar, vice Miss Mabel Newland.

Messrs. Jacob E. Solomon, L.M. and S., and Vasant Rajaram Masurekar, L.M. and S., are appointed Assistant Surgeons of the Third Grade.

Mr. Vithal Tanaji Kadrekar is appointed acting Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court, Malvan, in place of Mr. Bhikaji Lakshman Shinde on privilege leave.

Mr. R. B. Khangaokar delivered over and Mr. A. R. Karnik, Joint Sub-Judge, received charge of the office of Subordinate Judge of Mahad on the 21st April.

Mr. A. R. Karnik, Joint Sub-Judge of Mahad, delivered over charge of the office of the Sub-Judge of Mahad to Mr. M. R. Chakradev, Clerk of the Court, Mahad Sub-Court, on the 24th April.

Mr. S. J. Yajnik, Subordinate Judge of Bassein, delivered over charge of his office to Mr. A. V. Bhise, Clerk of the Court, Bassein Sub-Court, on the 25th April.

Mr G. L. Chandorkar delivered over and Mr. S. J. Yajnik received charge of the office of the Sub-Judge of Pen on the 26th April.

Mr. A. V. Bhise, Clerk of the Court, delivered over, and Mr. Bhogilal Narandas Shah received charge of the office of the Sub Judge of Bassein on the 28th April.

Mr. D. V. Nagarkatti delivered over and Mr. R. N. Kini received charge of the office of the Mamlatdar of Parasgad on the 3rd April.

Assistant Surgeon Yashavant Govind Nadgir, M.S., is to act as Civil Surgeon, Ratnagiri, vice Major A. G. Sargent, I.M.S., as a temporary measure pending further orders.

The following appointment has been made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor with effect from the 7st May 1913:—Meherban Abdul Majid Khan Diler Jang Bahadur, Navab of Savanur, to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Messrs. D. N. Damle, Extra Assistant Consertor of Forests, and W. C. Milne Assistant Con

MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, May 7. BOMBAY, May 8.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pios.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	75 1-4		1-2
3 do. Rentes.	85	1-4	
2 ½ do. Sterling Loan... ...	93 1-4	un	chgd
do. do. Gov. Securities.. ...	64 1-8	1-16	
Bar Silver in London Spot	27 11-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence ...	27 15-16	1-16	
Bar Silver in New York	60 1-8	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·21 1-2		1-2
do. do. at Berlin.	20·45 1-2		1-2
do. do. New York	4·86 3-8		1-4
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	5	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight...	3 3-4		1-8
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	3 11-16		1-3
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans.. ...	3 1-8		1-8
do, 7 day Market Loans- ...	3 1-8		1-8

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) is 3 7-32d. unchanged:
Closing tone of silver—China buying.
Amount paid into the Bank of England about £250,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 60,00,000.

Rs. 7,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 5,80,000 „ to Bombay.
„ 2,20,000 „ to Madras.

„ 15,20,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min Rate) received 10 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent. above the rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·03.
Telegraphic Transfers:—
Rs. 8,40,000 were allotted to Calcutta
„ 24,30,000 „ to Bombay.
„ 12,10,000 „ to Madras.

„ 44,80,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·06.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sale, Rs. 72,20,000.
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 60,00,000
EXTRA ALLOTMENTS:—
Bills on Madras ...Rs. 1,00,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Unchanged. Increased
Futures	... Steady.
Manchester	Steady with a Moderate demand
Total Sales	... 10,000 Bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 500 „
Imports	... 10,000 „
Mid-Americans	... 6·62 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown...	9·95 unchgd

New York 11 a.m., July 11·46, Oct. 10·96.
New York official Noon call July 11·48 Oct. 10·98.
New Orleans 10 a.m. July 11·90, Oct. 11·06.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

May-June.	June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
6·38 unchgd	6·33 +01	6·32 unchgd	6·22 unchgd

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·10 +01	6·03 +01	6 01 +02

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·00 +02	5·99 +01	5 99 +03

NEW YORK— Bales.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	25,000
„ Receipts at „ last year...	7,000
„ Exports to Great Britain ..	.....
„ Exports to Continent ...	4,000
Spot Cotton	...12·00+10
Futures—Month of July	11·43+ 7
Futures—Month of Oct.	10·99+11

Advanced early on unfavorable weather reports and declined later partially under realizing.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 12 3-16 unchgd
Futures month of July	... 11·92+08
Futures month of Oct.	... 11·09+12
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

Grey shirting 41-42in 38 yds 16 by 15.. 8 8 1-2
„ 44in. 38 38 1-2 yds 9lbs... 9 1 1-2
White „ 40-41in. 40 yds 18 square 10 6
„ Nainsooks 43in. 19 yds 22 by 21 7 1

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	... Nominal.
Do. Months—	... .
Do. Name of Ports—	... .
Wheat White Karachi	... 39 unchgd
Do. Months	... May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—	London—Value
Wheat Red Karachi	... 37 5-8unchgd
Do. Month—	... May-June, London—Nominal.

Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe	...37 1-4—1-3
Do. Months—	... May-June.
	... Dull.
Barletta Russo——62 1-2lb	... .
Do. Months	... .
Do. Buyers &c	... .

Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	... 38—1-4
Do Months	... May.
Buyers &c.	... Value

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship.	... 50 unchgd
Do. Months—	... April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.	
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship	... 52 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—	... April-May.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore	... 48 1-4unchgd
Do. Months—	... May-June.
Do. Name of Ports.—Hamburg —Sellers.	

Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship	...46 5-8—1-4
Do. Months—	... May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—	Done

Tone—Quiet.

Linseed Calcutta	45—1 1-2d
Do. Months—	... April-June.
	London—Done and sellers.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata...	42 3-4—3-8
Do. Months—	... May-June,
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed	6-13-0—0-0-3
	May-June—Hull—Sellers.—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—	
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)	...11 1-2 unchgd.
RUBBER—	
Para Rubber	...3 6 unchgd
	May-June—Buyers. Firm.
METALS—	
Copper Brasiers	£82 1-2unchgd
Yellow Metal	7 d. unchgd.
Standard Copper G M B	£ 69 3-8—1-8
FREIGHTS—	
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—13s.—Done	
ARRIVALS—	
"Imkenturm" "Semiramis" "Sardegna.	
BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—	
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ...	37 9
„ „ Mutton Tallow...	39 3
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Quiet.	
SUGAR—	
German Granulated Sugar C&F India(Double bags)..13 3 3-4—1 1-2d	
Do. Months of Shipment...	May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Dull. Prices easier.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	...12 7 1-2unchgd.
Do Months of Shipments—	May—Nominal.
Tone—Neglected and nominal	
German Beet-root 50 p.c.	...9 5 3-4—1 1-4d.
Months of Shipments	...May—Sellers.
	9 9 3-4—1d.—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady. Flat at a further decline	
E A B & Similar Crystals C & F India	...13 0 1-4—1 1-2d
Months of Shipments	...May-Sept.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet. Offered at rather easier rates	
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay	... 12 3 unchgd.
Month of Shipments	... May—Value.
Tone—Firm.	
Java Sugar.—Steady. but still no business.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [May 8TH 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
1191 Bars 2 Boxes Silver ..	Rs. 25,50,000	London	Comptoir National
2 Boxes Bullions..	1,22,880	do	M'cantile Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 7th May, 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	89	103,179
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	63	76,371

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—

Bank of Bom. rate since 17th April 1913	6	p.c.
Bank of Bom. „ „ 3rd April 1913	7	„
Bank of Mad. „ „ 31st Dec. 1912	8	„

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 33 lakhs down, and the Bank rate is unchanged.

EXCHANGE—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-16d. T. T. and Demand, and a moderate business has been done. Bills have been placed at current rates but are not plentiful.
Far eastern rates are steady.

We quote.—

T.T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 8 months' sight	...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 1-4d. 30th May
Do. do France	... 171 1-4
Do. do Marks	... 139 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	... 147 1-2
Shanghai „	... 201 1-2
Japan „	... 148 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market opened steady at 96 1-16 for Cash and 96 1-8 for the settlement and has advvanced 1-16 during the day, closing as under. A small business has been done.

We quote.—

Cash	... Rs.	96	2 0
Settlement	... „	96	3 0

BULLION.—

Bar silver in London yesterday was 1-16 higher for ready at 27 11-16 and 1-16 higher for forward at 27 15-16. New York was 1-8 up at 60 1-8. The local market opened at 69 7-8 ex duty for the first settlement and advanced 3-16 during the day. A moderate business is reported and the market closes steady as under for all positions. Bar gold is steadier.

We quote.—

English Bar Gold	... Rs.	24	2 6
Australian Gold	... „	24	1 0
Sovereigns Gold	... „	15	0 0
Silver (ex duty) Ready	... „	69	13 0
1st Settlement	... „	70	1 0
2nd Settlement	... „	70	5 0
Silver (cum duty) Ready	... „	79	3 0
1st Settlement March	... „	79	7 0
2nd Settlement	... „	79	11 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORTS.—

There was a moderate rise of 7 to 12 points in futures in the American markets yesterday owing to less favourable crop news. There is uneasiness regarding the continued want of rain in the Atlantic States. In the local market we have little fresh to report. There is some business doing for forward delivery and the price for fine Broach, May closes steadier at Rs. 287. the enquiry running chiefly on this destription.
For ready cotton there has been a moderate demand,

QUOTATIONS.—

Fine M. G. Broach	... Rs.	287	May
Fine M. G. Wardha-Hinganghat	... „	283	„
Fine M. G. Nagpur	... „	280	„
Fine M. G. Yeotmal	... „	277	„
Fine M G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	... „	274	„
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola	... „	265	„
Fine M. G. Khandesh	„	255	„
Fine M. G. Bengal	... „	244	„
Sawginned Dharwar	... „	287	Apl.-May
Good H. G. Westerns..	„	281	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	...	Quiet steady.
Estimated Sales	...	8,000
Total Imports	...	1,000

Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk— Done

Tone—Quiet.

Linseed Calcutta		45—1 1-2d	
Do. Months—	...	April-June.	
	London—Done and sellers.		
Linseed Argentine—La Plata...		42 3-4—3-8	
Do. Months—	...	May-June,	
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	May-June—Hull—Sellers.—Quiet.

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In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)	...11 1-2 unchgd.
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BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—	
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ...	37 9
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SUGAR—	
German Granulated Sugar C&F India(Double bags)..13 3 3-4—1 1-2d	
Do. Months of Shipment...	May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Dull. Prices easier.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	...12 7 1-2unchgd.
Do Months of Shipments—	May—Nominal.
Tone—Neglected and nominal	
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Fine M. G. Khandesh	„	255	„
Fine M. G. Bengal	... „	244	„
Sawginned Dharwar	... „	287	Apl.-May
Good H. G. Westerns..	„	281	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	...	Quiet steady.
Estimated Sales	...	8,000
Total Imports	...	1,000

OCTOBER DELIVERY PRICES:—

May-June.	June-July.	July-August.
6·41 +03	6·39 +03	6·35 +03

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·25 +03	6·13 +03	6·06 +03

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6 04 +03	6·03 +03	6 02 +03

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is quiet and easier.

Ready	... Rs.	7 7 6	B.T.
May	... „	8 3 0	B.T.

RAPESEED:—

The market quiet. We quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May	Rs.	8 7 0	B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore Apl.-May		8 8 0	B.T.
Yellow Gujrat Apl.-May	... „	8 8 0	B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet but steady.

Black Kutni	... „	49 8 0	
Yellow Higanghat	„	62 8 0	
Yellow Secunderabad	„	60 0 0	

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs.	11 14 0	B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs.	35 8 0	

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs.	26 0 0	

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Bold	... Rs.	47 8 0	
Small	... „	45 8 0	

MOWRASEED—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

June—September	... Rs.	8 2 0	R.T.

WHEAT:—

The market is Quiet. We quote:—

White Pessi 38 p.c. ready	Rs.	5 5 0	B.T.
White Delhi Apl.-May	„	5 8 6	R T

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,710
Bank of India	...	66
Eastern Bank	...	86
Indian Specie	...	66 1-2

MILLS.

Bombay United Mills Co. Ltd.	...	517 1-2 xd
David	...	495 June
Kohinoor	...	760 „
Manockji Petit	...	3,175 „
New Great Eastern	...	250 „
Standard	...	1,300 „

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord		195
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre		173 1-2
Bombay S N Ordy	...	250
Colaba Land and Mill ..		1,450
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate		20 1-2
Tata Hydro E. P. S. Co., Pref.		717 1-2
Treacher and Co		472 1-2

RAILWAY.

Ahmedabad Prantej	...	670
Tapti Valley	...	595

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	...	13,205 bales.
Wheat	...	95,106 cwts.
Linseed	...	50,869 „
Rapeseed	...	12,576 „
Gingellyseed	...	2,235 „
Poppyseed	...	14,909 „
Groundnuts	...	4,003 „
Castorseed	...	22,173 „
Rice	...	30,630 „
Myrabollams	...	2,850 „
Cottonseed	...	11,635 „
Mowrasseed	...	nil
Gram	...	2,874 „
Joowar	...	11,890 „
Maize	...	nil
Barley	...	2,131 „

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, May 7.

COTTON.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports.		25,000 Bales
Exports to Great Britain	...	nil
Exports to Continent	...	4,000 do
Spot Cotton at New York	...	12·00+10
Future Cotton at New York July	...	11·46+ 7
Future Cotton at New York October	...	10·89+ 1
Tone Market at closing Spot..		Quiet
Tone Market at closing Futures	...	do
General Tone of Market:— Advanced on favorable weather reports declined later partially under realising.		

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...		12 3-16
Future Cotton at New Orleans—July	...	11·92+ 8
Future Cotton at New Orleans—October	...	11·09+ 2
Opening tone of Market—		Steady

LIVERPOOL, May 7.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ... Steady and closed steady.
Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures ...Quiet but steady
Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indians. ... do

Total Day's Sales	...	10,000 bales.
Sales on spec. and export	...	500 „
Sales of Surats	...	nil
Total Day's Imports	...	10,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown	...	9·95
Mid-American at Liverpool	...	6·62
Cotton Dely Mid Uplands		G O O

Liverpool.

May-June	...	6·38
June-July	...	6·36
July-Aug.	...	6·32
Aug.-Sept.	...	6·24
Sept.-Oct.	...	6·10
Oct.-Nov.	...	6·03
Nov.-Dec.	...	6·01
Dec.-Jan.	...	6·00
Jan.-Feb.	...	5·99

Manchester piece goods market—Fair with rather a quieter tone—Jaconet, dhooties are easier with less enquiry—There is fair enquiry for Grey shirting medium.

LONDON, May 7.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (par 410 lbs)...	May-July—Ldn.	Done. 45 1 1-2
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) ...May-June—Dunkirk ...		46 6 Sellers
Do. La Plata ...May-June—Dunkirk	...	43 Done
Do. Tone of Market at close.		Quiet
Do. Tendency of the Market—		.....
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes .. May—		£24 17-6 „
do ... July-Aug.—		£24-10-0 „
Do. Tone of Market at close.		.....
Do. total afloat for U. K. ...		.....
Do. River Plate exports ...		.....
Poppyseed Canal ...May-June —Dunkirk...		66 3 „
Do. Tone of Market at close.		Quiet
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal		.....
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship May-June—Dunkirk ...		52 3 „
Do. Ferozepore usual bold		.....
Do. Jamba Red—	...	.....
Do. Tone of Market at close.		Quiet
Cottonseed, Bombay parcels. May-June—Hull		...£6-13-0 „
Do. Tone of Market at Close..		Quiet
Gingellyseed. Bombay 15 p.c. Mar.-Apr.—London.		.....
Wheat. Choice white Karachi May-June—London...		38 1 1-2 „
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 422 lbs.) May-June—London...		37 9 „
Do. Club No. 2.. May-June—London ...		38 1 1-2 „
Do. Choice white Delhi May-June—London—		Nom.
Do. Tone of Market at Close.		Steady
Do. South Australian		...May-June.
Do. Rozario Santa Fe. 62 lbs.		do
Do. do. Tone of Market at Close	...	.....
Do. Red Graded American per Central	...	7 7 1-2 July option
Do. Afloat to U. K....	...	.....
Do. Stock at U. S. Ports ...		.....

SUGAR.

LONDON, May 7.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F.O.B. Hamburg ...May-June	Sellers. 9 9 „
German Beet-root. 88 per cent. F.O.B. H'burg. June	9 9 3-4 „
„ Closing Tone of Market.	Quiet
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) May-June...	13 „
German Granulated C. and F. India, (double Bags) June-July—	13 1 1-2 „
German Closing Tone Market—	Quiet
Austrian Crystals B. B. B. C. and F India May-June	12 5 1-4 „
Austrian Crystals B. B. B. C. and F. India June-July	12 6 „
Do. Closing Tone of Market.	Quiet
Mauritius Crystals ...May	12 3 „
Do. Closing Tone of Market..	Steady
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— May-June	13 9 „
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. & F. India (double Bags)— June-July...	14 „
Do. Closing Tone of Market.,	Steady.
Special Feature—General Report of Market	.....

LONDON, May 7.

JAVA SUGAR.

	Value.
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta June...	11 3
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta	.....
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta July-Dec.	10 10 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi June...	11 4 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi,	.....
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July-Dec...	11
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta June...	12 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta...	.....
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta July-Dec....	11 10 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. orKarachi June...	12 4 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi June...	.....
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. orKarachi July-Dec.	12
Closing Tone of Market	Quiet and unchanged.
Special Feature	...

LONDON, May 7.

METALS.

	£	s. d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	67	7 6
„ Best English Selected.	75	10 0
„ Brasiers ...	80	10 0
„ Tone of Market	Steady.	
Hard Spelter ...	21	10 0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	£233	0 0
Yellow Metal ...	7	1-8
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C., G. O. B i p.c. F O B L'pool ...	11	15 0
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ...	3	7 9
Pig Iron No 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro. ...	3	7 6
Pig Iron Gartsherrie ...	4	1 6
Lead Pig English	18	17 6
Tone of Steel Market ...	.....	
Silver, Spot ...	27	11-11
„ 2 months hence ...	27	15-16
Tone of Market—	Quiet Mutilated.	

LONDON, May 7.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ...	... 27 11-16
Silver 2 Months...	27 15-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market—	Quiet
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market	... do
Rentes 3 p. c....	... £ 84 3-4
Consols 2 1-2 p. c.	... £ 75 1-4
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ 90 1-4
Sterling loan ...	... £ 90 1-4
Govt. Securities 3 p. c.	... £ 76 1-2
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c.	... £ 64
Bar Gold per ozs.	... 77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market ...	... .
Closing Tone of Finance Market ...	... .
Bank of England Rate of Discount ...	... 4 1-2 pr. ct.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight ...	... 1 3 7-8
London at Paris Fcs.	... 25·22
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	... 20·46
New york (Demand Bills) dls ...	... 4·86 1-2
Interest day to day loans	3
Do. 7 days Matket loans ...	... 3 1-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight	... 3 11-16
Do. Bank Bills 6 months' Sight	... 3 11-16
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	4 1-2

LONDON, May 7.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for... ... ... Rs. 60,00,000

Rs. 7,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 5,80,000 do to Bombay.
„ 2,20,000 do to Madras,

Rs. 15,20,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d, (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·03.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—

Rs. 8,40,000 were allotted to Calcutta
„ 24,80,000 do to Bombay
„ 12,10,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 44,80,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d (Min. Rate) received 10 per cent above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay ... 16·06

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale 72,20,000
Amount to be allotted next week... ... ...Rs. 60,00,000

LIVERPOOL, May. 8.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales	... 8,000 bales.
Tone of Market	... Steady.
Cotton Dely Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.	

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
May-June...	6·38	6·41
June-July...	6·35	6·39
July-Aug....	6·32	6·35
Aug.-Sept....	6·22	6·25
Sept.-Oct....	6·10	6·13
Oct.-Nov....	6·03	6·06
Nov.-Dec....	6·01	6·04
Dec-Jan....	6·00	6 03
Jan.-Feb....	5·99	6·02

Prices taken at 10-5 a.m.

RAILWAY RECEIPTS.

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings for the week ending 19th April 1913, were Rs. 4,260 making the total earning for the period 1st April 1913, to 19th April 1913, Rs. 11,740.

Total for the corresponding week previous year	...Rs. 4,014
Total for the corresponding period previous year	...Rs. 10,897

DAILY EXPORTS—MAY 8.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—8,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2 tons coal, Patak Shah and Co; 250 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.
Branksome Hall s—5,0 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons 2,692 cwts oil cake, T Morrison and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia s—3,250 cwts wheat, K Devchand and Co; 15,400 cwts wheat, 4,338 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co.
Branksome Hall s—3,964 cwts wheat, J Facheri; 28 bales cotton fly, W Wolf and Sons.
Calidonien s—9,000 cwts wheat, K Devchand and Co; 430 cwts cashewnuts, R Jewandas and Co; 1 bdle woolen carpets, A Lehmann; 27 pckges honsehold furniture, West End Watch Co.
Cheltonian s—83

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY "RAILWAY TIMES."

The hearing of the case in which Colour-Sergeant-Inspector Martin of the "B-O" Company of the G. I. P. R. Volunteers, charged Mr. Rogers, General Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants and Editor of the "Railway Times," and Mr. Moffatt, publisher of the paper, with defamation, said to have been contained in an article headed "De Profundis" in the above journal, in its issue of the 8th March, was continued yesterday before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji appeared for the complainant; and Mr. Kenneth Kemp, bar-at-law, appeared for the 1st accused; while Mr. Kolasker, bar-at-law, appeared for the second accused.

Mrs. Smith, wife of Colour-Sergeant-Instructor Smith, of the "A" Company, was examined by Mr. Vicaji. She identified the telegram of the 24th February as the one sent to her by the complainant. She said that she first made an endorsement in pencil, and considering the wording unsatisfactory, rubbed it out an wrote again in ink.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kemp, the witness reiterated what she said, namely, that it was not the writing that she considered unsatisfactory but the wording of the endorsement. Questioned whether "Smith still out on the range at Igatpuri" instead of" "Smith gone to Igatpuri" would have satisfied her, she said that the former wording might have satisfied her. She had not seen Mr. Martin since.

Colour-Sergeant Ross, of the "A" Company, was next examined on behalf of the prosecution. He deposed to having read the articles in question and thought Mr. Martin's conduct most disgraceful. He then pointed out the portions of the articles which struck him as disparaging most the character of the complaint; as, for example, the paragraph defying Mr. Martin to go to court; as that made one believe that the Editor had assured himself of the truthfulness of the allegations. If the allegations were true, Mr. Martin would be returned to the Regiment in disgrace, and consequently might be deprived of any chance of obtaining civil employment.

With this the case for the prosecution was closed and Mr. Kemp, counsel for Mr. Rogers, put in the following written statement on his behalf: "Iam a European British subject and I have been in the journalistic line since 1902. I have held the appointment of official reporter to the Council of the Governor-General of India, to the Bengal Legislative Council, to the Corporation of Calcutta and to several other important institutions. I have officiated as secretary to the Corporation of Calcutta for eight years, and to the Municipality of Rangoon for two. I am at present General Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of India and Burma, which Society is registered under the Indian Companies Act and a part of my duties involves the editing of the "Railway Times" which is the official organ of the Society which is composed of very large number of employees of the different railways in India and Burma. I am under covenant with the Society for a period of ten years, and my salary is Rs. 1,400 per mensem. The Society is controlled by a Board of Trustees and the general work of the institution is managed by me, as its General Secretary, under the direction of the Board. The object of publishing the "Railway Times" is to keep the members of the Society informed of everything connected with their position, status and progress, and for protecting their interest by ventilating their grievances and for doing such other work as would conduce to the benefit of the members of the Society. Sometime after the 24th February last, on which date the decease of Armstead occurred, Mr. Williamson, the Head Ticket Examiner, Victoria Terminus, and Mr. Game, Train Inspector between Victoria Terminus and Kalyan (who have given me permission to use their names) came to my office and spoke to me about the incident which has been commented upon in the issue of the "Railway Times" of 8th March, 1913. All the facts stated in the article, entitled "De Profundis," were communicated to me by the above-named persons in the presence of Mr. Crowley, the Assistant General Secretary of the Society. I made a record at the time in shorthand of all that has been stated. Soon after this their statemen s were corroborated by Mr. Muhoney, Mr. Morcroft, Mr. W. H. Cook, all of the Loco. Department, G. I. P. Railway, and several other employees of the G. I. P. Railway. The above-named persons expressed themselves to the effect that the absence of a volunteer funeral was a blot on the volunteering system of the G. I. P. Railway. It was further explained to me that the men were in a state of perturbation owing to this incident and that it would probably lead to general discontent among the volunteers, who might view with indifference the advantages of volunteering and might even resign the Corps.

"I was informed and I believed that in the absence of the Colour-Sergeant-Instructor of the Company to which the deceased belonged, it was the duty of the Colour Sergeant-Instructor of every other company who happened to be in Bombay at the time to arrange such a funeral.

"I was further informed by both Mr. Williamson and Mr. Game, who are my witnesses, that Mr. Williamson had two interviews with the complainant and that they definitely informed the complainant at the second interview, which took place at about 4 p.m. on the 24th March last, that they had been informed by telephone that Sergeant-Inspector Smith was out of town, but the complainant treated the matter in a most indifferent manner and inquired as to who was going to pay the gharry hire and where the men were to get their arms from, and thus neglected his duty.

"It was also explained to me that no hour was too late to gather the men and the band for such a funeral, that the men could have been easily gathered if the Inspector at Wari Bunder and Loco. Foreman at Byculla had been notified in the evening. In fact, I was informed that the complainant had several times sent chits at a late hour in the night in the above manner to gather men for the range at Ghat Cooper, the next morning.

"As regards the band, in a previous issue of the "Railway Times," dated the 29th June 1912, I had drawn the attention of the authorities to the fact that the Volunteer Band was essentially meant to do honour at the funeral of a deceased volunteer and this question was taken up by the "Advocate of India," which is one of the local papers largely read by the railway employees.

"It was in order to ventilate a grievance which appeared to me to be well founded that the article was written by me in good faith and in the interests of the persons for whom the paper is intended.

"Until the above information was given to me regarding the attitude adopted by the complainant in connection with this funeral, I had never heard of him. I had never seen him till he came to serve me with the summons in this case, and I have never borne, and do not bear him the slightest malice. The imputations made in the articles complained of were made by me in good faith and on information which I had every reason to believe was true. They were made for the protection of the interests of the whole body of G. I. P. R. Volunteers and for the public good. The opinions expressed in the articles were opinions expressed in good faith and entirely without malice respecting the conduct of the complainant touching a public question, namely, the giving of a volunteer funeral to a deceased volunteer, and also respecting the conduct of the complainant as a public servant in the discharge of public duties."

STATEMENT BY THE SECOND ACCUSED.

Mr. Kolasker, counsel for the second accused, put in a written statement on behalf of his client. It stated that he relied on the statement put in by the first accused regarding the facts, and that he had no hand in the writing of the articles complained of. So far as he was concerned, he had charge of the management of the general affairs of the press and paper, and he only published it in the ordinary course of business and had no reason to believe that the allegations were untrue or that he was committing an offence in publishing them. He had acted in perfect good faith and he bore no malice or ill-will against the complainant.

The Magistrate then framed charges against both the accused under section 500, I. P. C.

Both the accused pleaded not guilty to the charge.

Mr. Kemp then cross-examined the complainant. He again stated what happened on the day of the death of Armstead and said that he did not know whether Armstead lived near him or not. Neither Mr. Williamson nor Mr. Game came to him again that day and if they said they did so they were telling lies. The telegram from the Adjutant from Igatpuri did not order him to attend the funeral but only asked him to do it if it was possible for him to do so.

At this stage the further hearing was adjourned.

ALLEGED RASH DRIVING.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, has disposed of a case in which Inspector Smith charged a hack gharry driver named Ibrahim Mahomad with rash driving.

Mr. B. J. Dhondy, pleader, defended the accused.

The prosecution stated that on the 20th of April the accused's gharry knocked down a woman named Gangabai on the Jamnagar road, through careless driving. Two ribs of the woman were broken, and she had to be detained in the G. T. Hospital for fifteen days in consequence. The accused stated that Gangabai and her daughter Jumnabai, were walking along together, and on seeing them he called out warningly. Jumnabai went aside but Gangabai became confused and was knocked down.

The Magistrate considered the evidence adduced by the prosecution did not satisfactorily prove rashness on the part of the accused, and acquitted him.

HIDDEN ORNAMENTS.

Yesterday, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, Deputy Inspector Newby charged Bapu Keroo, a labourer, with stealing gold ornaments valued at Rs. 126, belonging to Succaram Sahadhu, the accused's master.

The complainant missed the ornaments about three months ago. On Wednesday morning he saw some rings on the accused's fingers and reported it to the police, who arrested the accused and one Janibai, woman, whom he had given the ornaments and she had concealed and buried them in the ground.

The accused pleaded guilty and the Magistrate sentenced Bapu to one month's rigorous imprisonment and fined Janiba Rs. 25 with the option of three weeks simple imprisonment.

AN OLD OFFENDER.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Smith charged an old offender, named Ganpat Sitaram, with stealing Rs. 2-4-9 from the pocket of one Krishnajee, who was waiting for the ferry steamer at Modi Bunder. The thief was caught in the act and immediately handed over to the police.

The accused had nine previous convictions and was therefore ordered to stand his trial at the Sessions.

SEASON REPORT.

The following is a summary of the Season report for the week ending May 6th.

During the week slight rain fell in parts of the Konkan, Deccan, Karnatak and Kolhapur. The standing rabi crops were generally in good condition. Harvesting was in progress in parts of Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier, Ratnagiri and Mahi Kantha. Threshing continues in parts of Sind, Khandesh and Nasik. Picking of cotton was progressing in parts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Surat, Belgaum, Baroda and Cutch. Lands are being prepared for kharif cultivation generally. The supply of fodder was adequate except in parts of Hyderabad and Ahmednagar. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition except Ahmednagar where poor and was deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, and Cutch. The drinking water-supply was adequate except in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and Bijapur. Prices of food-grains have risen in Sukkur and Dharwar, fallen in Belgaum and are stationary elsewhere. Quantities of food grains purchasable per rupee in Sind are 18 to 47 per cent. in Gujarat, 20 to 40 per cent. in the Konkan, 23 to 34 per cent. in the Deccan, 28 to 49 per cent. and in the Karnatak 38 to 48 per cent. less than normal. The public health was generally good.

Distress is deepening in the Ahmednagar District and is acute in Nevasa, Shevgaon, Ahmednagar, Rahuri, Jamkhed and Kopargaon talukas. Little wandering and no emaciation has been noticed yet. Emigrants are returning in small numbers. Six kitchens and fifteen poor-houses continue to give relief. The people on relief are generally in fair condition. Liberal suspensions of land revenue are being granted and takavi is being freely advanced for fodder and wells. Grass imported by Government agency is being sold to needy cultivators at low rates and finds ready sale. Charitable funds are being utilised for grant of relief to weavers. Eigh cattle kitchens financed from charitable funds continue to give relief and are now slightly better patronized. Steps are being taken to improve the water-supply by deepening existing wells and digging temporary wells with the aid of Government and Local Board grants but the supply is failing everywhere and improvements effected are in some cases small or temporary. Numbers on gratuitous relief for the week ending 3rd May were 15,123 in Ahmednagar and 828 in Poona and Sholapur.

THE WEATHER.

NO IMPORTANT FALL OF RAIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, May 8.

Dust and thunderstorms have been very numerous the United Provinces and the adjacent country, but no important fall of rain is reported. Showers occurred on the Bengal and Burma coasts. Conditions near the Andamans are still unsettled, but no storm is yet formed.

Forecast:—Thunderstorms probable in Bihar and Orissa.

BENARES, May 8.

A furious dust storm followed by showers of rain, passed over Benares early on the morning of the eight. Consequently the temperature is much reduced.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 8th May, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab—Ambala records 0·15" of rain. Skies have cleared over the whole division. The moisture in the air is below the average in the north-west Punjab and normal or in excess in other districts. Temperature is normal except for a defect in the minimum at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad has had 0·17 of rain. Heavy cloud has appeared in the eastern districts, while skies remain clear over the rest of the division. The air has become damper in the area of rainfall. Night temperature has fallen and is now slightly below the average at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in lower Sind and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Night temperature is above the average at Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded in south Gujarat and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual at most stations. Temperature is normal except for a defect during day at Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Skies have become moderately clouded in the northern districts but continue clear or lightly clouded over the rest of the division. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual at Nizamabad and Ahmednagar. Temperature both maximum and minimum is in excess at Ahmednagar.

General Remarks.—Some dust or thunderstorms are recorded in the Punjab, Rajputana and the east United Provinces while the reported rainfall is light. A few thunderstorms occurred in the southern half of the Peninsula but the associated precipitation has been insignificant. A depression is shown over Sind and the north-west Punjab and the weather to the north of latitude 24° is in unsettled condition.

Isolated thunderstorms are likely in the Punjab, Rajputana and the United and Central Provinces. A few thundershowers may occur in the south of the Peninsula.

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st Nov. to date.
Bushire 7th	91·8	75·5	...	6·31
Jask ...	92·3	80·3	...	4·18
Muskat 7th	102·3	84·1	...	5·50
Multan	103·3	81·5	...	1·11
Rawalpindi	100·9	65·4	...	5·11
Lahore	106·4	69·2	...	3·23
Sirsa ...	106·3	74·0	...	1·81
Ambala	103·5	66·9	0·15	6·18
Delhi	104·0	71·8	...	2·37
Agra ...	103·0	78·5	0·02	2·52
Mainpuri	107·3	79·1	...	1·84
Jhansi	108·5	83·0	...	2·03
Cawnpore	105·7	76·9	...	4·83
Allahabad	103·1	73·5	0·17	4·56
Jacobabad	112·1	76·3	...	0·44
Karachi	87·5	79·0	...	1·27
Ajmer	105·6	85·2	...	0·33
Jaipur	109·7	77·1	...	0·47
Kotah	110·6	83·6	...	0·56
Bhuj ...	96·5	76·0	...	0·00
Dwarka	88·3	80·2	...	0·40
Veraval	85·8	77·8	...	0·03
Rajkot	105·1	73·8	...	0·48
Bhavnagar Para	101·5	77·3	...	0·44
Surat	98·9	76·6	...	3·58
Ahmedabad	105·6	78·7	...	0·34
Deesa	104·8	78·4	...	0·44
Neemuch	105·9	79·0	...	0·76
Indore	105·1	76·1	...	3·74
Jubbulpore	107·8	77·6	...	7·43
Saugor	107·3	79·1	...	3·83
Hoshangabad	110·1	77·4	...	3·24
Khandwa	109·7	81·6	...	4·30
Akola	111·7	83·0	...	1·65
Amraoti	111·3	78·8	...	0·32
Nagpur	111·6	81·3	...	1·23
Chanda	112·5	80·0	...	6·24
Raipur	109·7	85·6	...	3·50
BOMBAY	90·6	79·5	...	3·62
Ratnagiri	90·3	78·9	...	10·70
Mormugao	91·5	81·7	...	3·25
Karwar	91·2	8·0	...	3·24
Malegaon	107·4	7·6	...	5·07
Ahmednagar	106·6	73·0	...	1·18
Poona	100·5	70·3	...	3·44
Sholapur	109·3	75·1	...	1·01
Bijapur	106·2	72·8	...	2·39
Belgaum	93·3	68·5	...	2·54
Aurangabad	106·4	84·3	...	1·15
Nizamabad (Indur)	111·4	81·7	...	3·34
Hyderabad	107·8	78·2	...	1·99
Mangalore	91·3	78·3	...	6·10
Calicut	89·8	78·1	...	7·88
Cochin	92·7	79·7	...	8·91
Colombo	87·5	77·5	0·03	54·68
Masulipatam	97·8	83·7	...	2·27
Bellary	104·0	78·8	...	4·50
Cuddapah	108·5	81·0	0·07	10·33
Madras	100·5	83·5	...	11·99
Bangalore	96·2	66·8	0·07	8·45
Coimbatore	93·4	73·8	...	14·51
Trichinopoly	101·6	79·8	...	6·57
Negapatam	98·7	82·7	...	27·17

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m. (Standard Time) on the 8th May, 1913, was 29·998 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or Aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a. m (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

Mr. Cameron, Assistant Superintendent, Simla, is posted to Bareilly.

Telegraphic communication with Burma has been restored and traffic is now being deals with on the normal lines.

The highest temperature yet recorded this summer, namely 118 degrees, was registered at Jacobabad on Monday.

The gang of raiders in pursuit of whom Major Chystie and two sepoys were killed last week consisted of eight men. Seven of these have been killed or captured.

The Indian section of the Theosophical Society gave an evening party to Mrs. Besant on the evening of the eighth. It was well attended.

Mr. Landon, Superintendent of Telegraphs, Delhi Division, has been granted one year's leave on medical certificate, his place being taken by Mr. North from the Bareilly Division.

A fire occurred at Ambachawk in Bhavnagar, on the 7th inst., about 3 a. m. Several shops were burnt. The loss is estimated at about Rs. 2,000.

Owing to the indisposition of Miss Shaw, Sir George Shaw, who arrived at Rangoon, from Home, about a week ago, and who is to act as Lieutenant-Governor of Burma, from May 15th, has not left for Maymyo.

After an oppressive heat at midnight on the 8th instant, at Lucknow, a gale from the south-west sprang up, accompanied by blinding clouds of dust, the first dust storm of the season. After it had passed, there followed a thunder-storm, and rain fell about eleven cents.

A Jhelum correspondent writes:—An idea has gained ground among the people that liquor drinking is a plague prophylactic. Hence many people resort to liquor shops freely. This is a most foolish idea and must be removed from the minds of the people. A well-known drunkard died the other day from plague.

It has been found that camphor will grow readily in Burma, and the Press has started an agitation to take up the crop seriously. It is argued that thousands of acres could easily be put under camphor, that the profits would be enormous and that employment could be found for about 200,000 people.

M. Louis Gaudart, who was recently killed in a hydro-aeroplane race at Monte Carlo, is the son of M. Edward Gaudart, an ex-Colonial Governor residing in Pondicherry. M. Gaudart's aeroplane pitched forward suddenly, and from a height of thirty metres dived sheer into the water at a great speed. The body was not recovered.

The Burmese dacoit has taken to the use of air-guns, some of which are sufficiently powerful to do immense damage to a human being at a close range, and might conceivably cause death. At any rate, things have come to such a pass that Government have decided to bar the free use of powerful air-guns, which are now to be regarded as "fire-arms," and may only be sold to persons holding a license.

The death is announced at Bishop's Hall, Taunton, of the Rev. R. C. W. Raban, M.A., aged 74, who was formerly a Chaplain in the Diocese of Madras. He will best be remembered as Chaplain of Holy Emmanuel Church and Latin Examiner of the Madras University, and Founder of the Madras Industrial School in the seventies, or shortly after the removal of the Civil Orphan Asylums from North Blacktown to Egmore. He retired considerably before his time owing to a breakdown in health.

There is a popular belief in Malabar that a person who has been bitten by a venomous snake can counteract the effects by seizing the reptile and biting it in turn, and that this belief is not confined to the untutored or the superstitious is to be assumed from the fact that the "Kerala Patrika," which is edited by a graduate of the Madras University, reports a case in which a man in Manarghat escaped the consequences of snake-bite by laying hold of the snake and biting it in two.

The claim of the Japanese Cabinet that the people of Japan are not of Mongolian origin, and that it is, therefore, possible for them to assume citizenship in California, is unquestionably advanced in all seriousness. "In recent years," says the "Pall Mall Gazette," "there has been an increasing tendency among the Japanese to claim exemption from classification as Asiatics. Some years ago the Japanese community in an Indian city asked to be registered as 'Europeans' in the local directory, and their request was duly granted. They based their appeal upon the high development of their civilisation on Western lines, which, they said, had largely Europeanised them."

It is announced in the scale of weights for the Gwalior November meeting says the racing correspondent of the "Statesment that two-year-olds, whether English, country-breads or Arabs, carry the weight assigned to three-year-olds of these respective classes for the month of January, and a two-year-old Australian carries the weight assigned to a three-year-old Australian for the month of August. This does not seem to be quite fair on the Colonial, because if he runs at this meeting in November 1913 he has to carry a weight to which he would not be liable till August 1914, whereas an English two-year-old running in November has only two months to go before he is a three-year-old (i. e. in January). It is very seldom that we get any two-year-old racing in India, but this point in the rules for weight for age races seems to demand comment.

Which way is the wind blowing? asks the "Sind Gazette." The Karachi Port Trustees have decided not to move in the matter of instituting grain elevators till they get more information from the Karachi Chamber of Commerce. The Karachi Chamber of Commerce has decided not to move further till more information can be obtained from the Punjab Government. It is understood that the Punjab Government has applied for further information on the subject to the North-Western Railway; and it is on record that the North-Western Railway is now seeking further information in the matter from the Karachi Port Trust. "The wind," says the writer of "Ecclesiastes," "goeth towards the south, and turneth about unto the north; it whirleth about continually: and it returneth again according to its circuits."

A Lahore correspondent gives further details of the formation of a Muslim-Hindu Union Association in that city. He writes:—The strained relations existing between the Mahomedan and Hindu communities of the Punjab have, it appears, induced a number of Indian gentlemen in Lahore, to consult together with a view to discovering some means for bringing about something in the nature of a "rapprochement" between the two communities. The names of the gentlemen who have chiefly interested themselves in this matter are: Nawab Fateh Ali Khan, Sir P. C. Chatterji, the Hon. R. B. Shadi Lal and Mian Fazal-i-Hussain. These gentlemen met together several times and as a result of their exhange of views a preliminary meeting was held at the house of Nawab Fateh Ali Khan Qizilbash, C. I. E., on the 4th May. It was resolved that a Muslim-Hindu Union Association should be organised with Nawab Fateh Ali Khan as president, and Rao Bahadur Mohan Lal as provisional secretary. A sub-committee was formed to draft the rules and constitution of the Association under the guidance of Sir P. C. Chatterji, and it was explicitly settled that the Association would be purely social. Mr. Fazal-i-Hussain was appointed to prepare the draft rules in consultation with the Hon. R. B. Shadi Lal, and to lay them before the Constitution Committee, immediately after which it was decided that a meeting should be convened at the house of Nawab Fateh Ali Khan to pass the constitution, elect the office-bearers, and devise practical measures to accomplish the object the promoters of the scheme have in view.

The investigation which Major Clemesha and Dr. Pearse have conducted into the water-supply of Calcutta has done little to shake the faith of the public in what has been looked upon for some years as one of the best water-supplies in the world. To those who have no knowledge of the working of septic tanks it will seem surprising to be told that "the effluents from the septic tanks are much purer, as regards the number of bacilli, than the water of the Hooghly itself," but that may be regarded rather as a tribute to the contents of the septic tanks than as a reflection upon the Hooghly, and the fact remains that Major Clemesha has pronounced the filtered water at Pulta to be of excellent quality during eight months in the year. During the rains the river naturally holds more silt in solution, and the water, as it enters the filter-beds, is consequently less pure than at other times of the year. With a view to remedying this, various plans were considered by the sanitary experts and the Committee, and all of them were rejected by the latter. It is true that one or two of them were not put forward by Major Clemesha and Dr. Pearse with any degree of enthusiasm, but the factor which appears to have governed the decision of the Committee generally was that of expense. Without entering upon any comparison between the different schemes, we (the "Statesman") venture to question whether, upon so vital a question as that of water-supply, this is the right attitude for the Corporation to take up. After all, Calcutta is one of the largest and wealthiest cities in the world, and ought to be able to afford any sum that is necessary to bring its water-supply up to the maximum degree of excellence.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, May 8.

Lieut.-Col. Stansfeld, Royal Garrison Artillery, is posted to the Royal Garrison Artillery at Gibraltar on promotion.

Lieut. J. L. S. Euring, 2nd Battalion, Royal Highlanders, is appointed to the Northern Nigeria Regiment, West African Frontier Force.

The following officers of the Indian Army are permitted to retire:—Colonel C. A. Brown, from 31st March; Col. G. H. Turner from 23rd April; Major H. S. Shaw, 9th Gurkhas, from 11th May; Major J. L. Orr, 20th Horse, from 29th May; Lieut.-Col. H. C. L. Armin, I. M. S., retires from 13th June, 1913.

Capt. A. W. Hepper, R. E., is transferred from Poona as officiating Deputy Assistant Director-General of Military Works.

Lieut.-Col. Roome, 36th Horse, officiates in command of the Lucknow Cavalry Brigade when General Cookson goes on leave.

Capt. McCleverty, 47th Sikhs, is appointed Personal Assistant to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.

Lieut.-Col. Quinton, Royal Field Artillery is posted to the command of the 16th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, Nowshera.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

By Maj.-Gen. G. F. Gorringe, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.,

Major W. P. Alexander, Royal Garrison Artillery, is granted privilege leave from 2nd. July, 1913, to 29th. September, 1913.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay city reported from 6 a.m. on the 7th May, to 6 a.m. on the 8th May:—

	Attacks	Deaths.
Total.....	33	33
Total mortality for to-day from all causes	...	116

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

The total number of death registered in Bombay during the week ending May 3rd was 928, giving a death-rate of 49.26 per annum per thousand as against 811, the corresponding period of last year, and 927 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 71 died from fevers; 234, plague; 10, small-pox; 12, measles; 2 cholera; 1, leprosy; 49, phthisis; 52, diseases of the nervous system; 212, affections of the respiratory organs; 45, diarrhoea, 22, dysentery, 28, still-born; 91, old age and debility; 6, accidents and violence. The classfied list of deaths shows:—Jain, 39; Brahmin, 36; Lingaet, 4; Bhattia, 9; Hindu of other caste, 476; Hindu low caste, 88, Musalman, 204, Parsee, 35 Jew, 1; Native Christian; 32; Eurasian, 2; European, 2; Negro-African, nil; Buddhist, nil; other and unknown caste, 1. The total number of births was 312 as against 384 for the corresponding period of last year, and 337 the average over the past five years.

SIMLA, May. 8.

During the week ending 3rd May, the total plague mortality stop at 7,896 against 8933 cases, Delhi had 15, Bombay Presidency 351, Madras, 31, Bengal 45, Behar 946, the United Provinces 4,566, the Punjab 1,830, Burma 45, the Central Provinces 1, Mysore 7 and Rajputana 86.

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In one case a child lost weight from birth till it only weighed 5lbs. It looked in the last stages of Atrophy. It had been fed on breast, but something prevented it from assimilating the milk which seemed to be rich and abundant. The mother is the wife of a Dentist, a well developed woman in good health. On commencing to use GLAXO, it gained a pound the first week. GLAXO was continued and twelve months after, it weighed 29lbs., and was then nearly 15 months old. It looked like a child of 2 years and had out quite a number of teeth without any trouble."—M.B., Ch. B.

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THE
Bombay Gazette.
Friday, 9th May, 1913.

A RACIAL PROBLEM.

THE operations of the Public Services Commission, which are now temporarily suspended, to the relief of everybody, have given us some interesting glimpses of the complexities which beset British rule, and a plethora of prescriptions for their removal, some of the remedies being almost as puzzling as the situations they are intended to solve. But there is one section of the subjects of the Crown which has not taken a conspicuous part in the recent intellectual tournament, because it has no political ambitions, and is too much occupied in a struggle for existence, to concern itself with questions of self-government, or the prospective division of official appointments by means of simultaneous examinations. These matters have but an academic interest for the domiciled communities as the major portion of them are not educationally qualified for the forms of advancement to which other nationalities aspire, though their patriotism does not suffer by a comparison with Indian students, and is an asset that might well be cultivated by more generous concessions than have hitherto fallen to their share. In this connection the admirable addresses recently given by the Hon'ble Mr. Abbott in Bombay are deserving of attention in all the Presidencies and administrations, as they point the way to consolidation and the formation of representative bodies like those with which the Hindus and Mahomedans have equipped themselves for the purposes of political and social advancement. It is on axiomatic principle of modern Indian progress that pressure, applied through legitimate channels, is the best means of obtaining recognition of racial demands, in conjunction with the activities of the Councils which may discuss everything from preferential tariffs to the dieting of prisoners and the corrupt practices of village officials. Hence we welcome Mr. Abbott's proposals for cohesion among the disunited forces of the white and coloured classes, and the expansion of their representation on parochial bodies and in the larger horizon typified by the Indian Parliaments.

The community have memorialised successive Viceroys for the past half century for the redress of their racial disabilities, while protesting in moderate terms against their exclusion from the educational and other advantages so liberally proffered by the Government to its Indian subjects. But some sympathy with their plight and practical advice which was useless to a people without monetary resources, these plaints produced no tangible results. The first and most important step towards their inclusion in the official orbit was taken some three years ago, when Mr. W. C. Madge was nominated, by Lord Minto, to the Legislative Council of the Viceroy, a position which he has recently exchanged for a membership of the Public Services Commission, a sphere in which he has been able to elicit important testimony upon the physical and mental abilities of country-born aspirants for employment. He missed no opportunity in Council of pressing the claims of the classes he represented, and it was upon his suggestion that the Government agreed to appoint a committee to consider proposals for raising Anglo-Indian troops. The idea is one that has been periodically brought forward since the disbandment of the Eurasian soldiery after the mutiny, but has been systematically vetoed either by the military authorities or the Secretary of State, on the ground that it would be a costly experiment and might not be successful. Matters have so far advanced that the report of this Committee with the Government recommendations have been transmitted to the India Office, and Mr. Montagu, who will have to minute upon it for the guidance of his chief, will have an opportunity of translating into practice the sympathetic policy he has recently avowed towards our affairs. Further actions will have to be prefaced by Parliamentary legislation, as Anglo-Indians cannot be enlisted without the assent of the Lords and Commons, and that is unlikely to be withheld if the proposal is supported by the Home Government.

Assuming that the experiment is to be tried, it may be regarded as a promising commencement towards the solution of some aspects of a question which has been under discussion since Lord Canning drew attention to it, and predicted the trouble which is now a grave reality in our social and political responsibilities. Mr. Abbott, who is now the representative of the domiciled classes on the Viceroy's Council, recognises that success over one issue is not enough, and that there must be no pause in operations until a far larger harvest of concessions has been gathered from a Government which has admitted its obligations towards the submerged section of its subjects and is willing to give benevolent consideration to any proposals for their betterment. The directions which these efforts should take were stated in Mr. Abbott's Bombay addresses and the chief of them is the provision of employment for country-born youths who are qualified for it by education and training. In their desire to assuage Indian aspirations for appointments in all the great departments of the administration, the Government have adopted the culpable policy of withdrawing their patronage from a class which has done good service in the past and has strong racial claims for protection. But there has been a general closing of all official portals to the domiciled since the new reforms came into operation, not because there has been any decline in their intellectual standards, but to meet the pressure of a competition which is facile in the passing of test examinations. Educated Indians now wish to have a similar process applied to the Civil Service, and it remains to be seen whether they will carry their point. Mr. Abbott gave evidence before the Islington Commission, and having regard to the general objective of other patriotic witnesses, he recommended that twenty-five per cent. of all the appointments in the Provincial Services, including the State Railways, should be reserved for Anglo-Indians. This would go a great way towards restoring the equilibrium that has been upset by the Government concessions to their Hindu and Moslem subjects; and though, perhaps, it is too much to hope for the complete adoption of the proposal, the Commission may be able to suggest a division that shall alleviate the present boycott of the qualified section of the country-born. The educational aspect of the problem which is of the utmost importance in view of the policy recently expounded by Government was considered by the Simla Committee last year with results, we have already discussed, and with the co-operation of the Church which has closely associated itself with the movement, the scheme should go forward if it is well-supported financially. The weak point in the situation is the lack of homogeneity among the fragments into which the Community is split up, and the profound indifference displayed by the majority towards proposals for their moral and intellectual improvement. But poverty and political ambitions do not harmonize, and we cannot expect a renaissence among our poor relations like the recent Moslem evolution until much rescue work has been accomplished and domiciled interests are controlled by one central association with an official recognition similar to that given to the Hindu and Mahomedan leagues. These reformations are included in Mr. Abbott's programme, and we wish him the fullest success in their application, because upon racial, moral and political grounds, it is desirable that this reproach to our national honour should be removed, and he who leads the way merits all the commendation and support of white and coloured Anglo-India.

SIR TATTON SYKES.

THE late Sir Tatton Sykes, who has just passed away in his eighty-eighth year, was the head of a family, several branches of which have been intimately connected with India. Sir Tatton himself married a grand-niece of a former Governor-General of India, Lord William Bentinck, who also had held in the early part of his career, the Governorship of Madras, from which, however, he was recalled owing to the mutiny at Vellore. It was to wipe out the disgrace of his recall from Madras that he sought several times and at last obtained the higher post of Viceroy of India in which he so distinguished himself. There are two baronetcies in the family and one of them was conferred in the last quarter of the eighteenth century on Francis Sykes, a Bengal Civilian of the East India Company, who rose to be the chief of the important factory at Cossimbazar, and who having retired after amassing a considerable fortune, settled in Berkshire, where he purchased the manor of Basildon. The baronetcy represented by Sir Tatton was first conferred on his great-grandfather, a clergyman. This branch of the family is intimately connected with that of Foulis, Baronets of Ingleby, one of whom was in the Bombay Army in the eighteenth century. Sir Tatton's mother was a daughter of the seventh baronet of Ingleby, Sir William Foulis. The man who made the name of Sykes famous in connection with India was Colonel William Sykes, the representative in his time of the Dryglington branch of this ancient Yorkshire family. He came out here when only fourteen years of age in the Bombay Army and was present at the first and unsuccessful siege of Bharatpur in 1805, by Lord Lake. He later took part in the battle of Kirkee and the operations succeeding the fall of the last Peishwa, Baji Rao II. Whilst in Bombay as Statistical Reporter to the Government, he strongly advocated a system of native education in which he took a great interest, and the citizens of Bombay presented him in 1856, long after his retirement, with a medal for this service to their cause. After retirement he devoted himself to Indian affairs in England and became Director and for one eventful year, 1856-7, that of the Mutiny, Chairman of the East India Company. Then till his death at 82 in 1872 he was a member of Parliament and represented the grievances, supposed and real of the Indian services, especially of the Army, and also of the natives of this country. Latterly he came to be looked upon as a bore, in spite of his ability. He was an excellent scholar and scientific man too, and made many excellent contributions concerning the past and present state of India to the learned societies at Home.

THE OPIUM DEBATE.

MR. TOWYN Jones, when he withdrew his motion regarding opium in China, was presumably satisfied with the statement made by Mr. Montagu. He certainly ought to have been, but none the less it was distinctly a triumph for Mr. Montagu so easily to placate such a fervid Welsh Radical, speaking on a subject, which afforded so many opportunities for tempestuous oratory. We hope for his sake that the members of his chapel near Swansea and his other abolitionist friends will not consider he was too limp-necked. We hope the abolitionists will have the sense to recognise that it is useless for them to return to the charge. For the sake of China, India as a country has made a great sacrifice. That is enough. It is impossible also to allow individual traders to be robbed, and now that the Government at last seems to recognise this we trust that the Chinese opium question so far as India is concerned has been settled. Mr. Montagu stated the position very clearly and fairly, and his in fact was the only speech in the debate which was at all noteworthy. Mr. Jones and Mr. Harvey's speeches for the motion were of the unjust and impracticable character, which extremists invariably love, while the case for the unfortunate trader has had to be dinned so often into the Government's ears, that there was nothing which Sir John Rees, Mr. Keswick or Mr. Leslie Scott could say, which was not already well-known. Mr. Montagu did not prefer at all to China's reported intention to approach Britain for liberty to prohibit totally and forthwith the import of Indian opium. Either he was unaware of it, or he preferred to say nothing about it until the terms of China's request had been exactly and officially communicated. Judging from the attitude which he adopted in his reply, China is apparently giving herself a needless task. Mr. Montagu's speech was in effect a warm appreciation of India's generosity, and a plain hint that China cannot expect to be treated more liberally. We more than suspect that Mr. Montagu's new-found Indian knowledge has done much to stiffen the Government's attitude, and we trust that the Government will insist that China shall allow the stocks in the Treaty ports to be absorbed up-country. Even then—and this Mr. Montagu did not point out—the Indian merchants in addition to the great dislocation of their business, which they have already suffered, will have to wait another twelve months for the whole of their money. Thus, in the best of circumstances, which they can reasonably expect, it will be a very bare sort of justice, which they will receive.

TREND OF INVENTION.

OFFICIAL returns, published in England, show that the motor-car and allied industries are responsible for the most prominent group of inventions in the past year. Those relating to internal combustion engines numbered over twelve hundred, an increase of twenty-five per cent. on the year. Particular attention appears to have been paid to engines having radial and revolving cylinders; to carburettors and apparatus for supplying fuel to engines of the Diesel type; to starting apparatus; and to the use of cylindrical valves. Many applications were received at the Patent Office dealing with the problem of converting heavy hydrocarbon oils into light oils of the nature of petrol for use in these engines. Inventions relating to vehicle wheels numbered just under a thousand, showing a slight falling off from last year; the construction of spring wheels and the further development of detachable rims are the principal features of interest. The loss of the "Titanic" in the early part of the year was followed by a remarkable number of inventions relating to the general problem of saving life at sea. Mechanical devices for effecting the speedy and safe lowering of boats from ships received considerable attention, as also did ship-fittings designated to be readily detached and used as rafts in case of emergency, and buoyant fittings for personal wear.

BIRTH-RATE IN GERMANY.

GERMANY was supposed to be reproducing the species at such a rate that she would soon be able to crowd France out of her own country by sheer force of numbers. Since the great disparity between the birth-rates of the two countries was publicly commented on, a great change has been noted, and now we are told that the actual number of births has decreased in the course of ten years, although in this period the total number of inhabitants has been doubled; the birth-rate of 26·5 in 1902 has dropped to 13·7 in 1912. This decline and this low birth-rate constitute new records for the German empire. Yet very near to this low figure comes the Berlin suburb of Wilmersdorf, with a birth-rate of only 13·9 per 1,000. Wiesbaden, essentially a town for invalids, has even a higher birth-rate than either of these two quarters of Western Berlin, but almost immediately after it comes still another part of Greater Berlin—Charlottenberg. Here, a town of nearly 330,000 inhabitants, the birth-rate is again lower than the French average, and even lower than that of Frankfort, which quite recently attracted attention.

IT is officially announced that Mr. W. L. Graham has been elected to be an Additional Member of the Legislative Council by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, in place of Mr. Marshall F. Reid, C.I.E., whose resignation has been accepted; and that Mr. J. P. Orr, C.S.I., I.C.S., has been nominated by H. E. the Governor to be an Additional Member of the Legislative Council in place of the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel J. Jackson, I.M.S., whose resignation has been accepted.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Egypt," with the homeward mails of the 3rd instant, arrived at Aden at midnight on Wednesday the 7th.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Mantua," with the outward mails of the 2nd instant, passed Suez at 3 a. m. on Thursday the 8th.

IN regard to the Cooch Behar-Baroda wedding, the *Englishman* states, it is authoritatively informed that Princess Indira did not break off the engagement and that the marriage has been postponed.

THE President and members of the Anjuman-Ziya-ul-Islam have issued a handsome photograph, by Messrs. Gomes and Lawrie, of the first Indian Red Crescent Mission for Turkey, organised by the Hon. Dr. Suhrawardy, and the Anjuman-Ziya-ul-Islam, Bombay, which commenced operations in Constantinople last December.

THE inland steamer "Bhamo," of the India General Navigation and Railway Company, while proceeding down the river on Tuesday, grounded on Brul Sand, about 24 miles down the river, and sustained some slight damage. The steamer, however, returned to Calcutta on the same day and transferred her cargo and will undergo necessary repairs. It appears that Brul Sand has proved a danger-trap to many an inland steamer.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, April 18.

ROYALTY.

The King and Queen have been frequent visitors at Clarence House during the last few days to inquire after the health of the Duchess of Connaught. It is good news to learn that Her Royal Highness is progressing as well as can be expected after her severe operation, the effect of which will be to prevent a recurrence of those distressing attacks of illness which so completely prostrated the Duchess on two occasions in Canada. No member of the Royal Family is more popular than Her Royal Highness, the most ideal of soldiers' wives, who has shared her gallant husband's life wherever his military duties have sent him.

It is not generally known that the Duchess of Teck is doubly related to the Royal Family by the marriage of her cousin, the Duke of Argyll to Princess Louise, aunt of King George. Her own marriage to the eldest brother of the Queen was a love match, and as such enlisted the active sympathy of Queen Victoria, whose consent was readily obtained. Her father the late Duke of Westminster, who, with the exception of the Duke of Fife, was the only peer to receive the ducal title in the course of Queen Victoria's long regin, was naturally well pleased with the alliance, and gave his daughter, then known as Lady Margaret Grosvenor, a handsome dowry. This was supplemented by many beautiful jewels from her parents and relations, the Grosvenor family circle being unusually large and wealthy. The Duchess has quiet tastes, and is fond of home life, spending much of her time with her children. The eldest, Prince George, is in his eighteenth year; he has two sisters and a younger brother. The fashion in bridal flowers this season is likely to include the pretty white blossoms of the myrtle as this is sure to be worn at her wedding by Princess Victoria Louise of Prussia. Myrtle is, indeed, the true German wedding flower. It came into vogue in this country when Queen Victoria's eldest daughter married Prince Frederick William of Prussia, who afterwards became the Emperor Frederick. It is a beautiful little bloom, very becoming and it mixes admirably with orange-blossom, and in addition to these advantages it has, as most students of floriculture know, a classic reputation as the chosen emblem of love. There are one or two well-known people who cultivate a special myrtle bush in order that the flowers may form part of the bridal adornment of the daughters of the family. Lady Galway has won in her garden at Serlby Hall, Bawtry, Yorkshire, which was planted when her daughter Miss Violet Monckton was a child, and some sprigs were worn by her at her wedding. In the Isle of Wight, the myrtle grows to a goodly height in the open all the year round, and is covered with masses of snowy white blossoms in July and August.

Like less exalted parents, the King and Queen have been forced to alter their arrangements owing to the fact that their schoolboy sons Prince Henry and Prince George caught whooping-cough from fellow-pupils during the term at St. Peter's Court, Broadstairs, and so are debarred from joining their Royal parents and their brother and sister at Buckingham Palace. They have gone to Newquay, accompanied by Mr. Hansell, who is off duty just now with the Prince of Wales, and are staying with the Chief Constable of Cornwall, Major Prothero Smith. Prince Henry has just celebrated his thirteenth birthday, and is to go to Wellington College, after the summer holidays. Prince Henry and Prince George, who are at Newquay, have made satisfactory progress since their arrival on March 31. Their Royal Highnesses will remain until the end of the month.

Queen Alexandra's Christmas gift to Prince Olaf of Norway consists of the smallest practical motor-car in the world. It was delivered the other day at Marlborough House and will be sent to Norway at the end of the week. It weighs 3 1-2 cwt., has a wheel base of 5ft., and at its highest point stands only 2ft. from the ground. It is just about a third of the size of the smallest ordinary motor-car made. It is specially geared down to seven miles an hour, as Queen Alexandra was anxious, it should not go fast enough to cause any hurt to the little Prince in case of accident. The car, which is a Cadillac, is driven by the self-starting device fitted to Cadillac motor-cars and has no gears but may be reversed. It is seated for two small children and there is a dicky at the back on which a very small child may sit. It has also little electric head and back lights.

THE WEATHER.

We have been plunged back into winter again, with iron-grey skies and a rasping east wind. Every one is going about wrapped in furs and complaining bitterly of this harsh and austere April, so unlike one's idea of the month which should be all smiles and passing tears. Those who have just returned from the South are furious with themselves for having come back to such a state of things, but, after all, it has been cold and wet on the Continent as well, and there are compensations to be found in being again surrounded by the comforts of home. And in any case it surely cannot last long. The King has been taking his early morning rides in Rotten Row, accompanied, for the first time in London, by Princess Mary. The Park is, of course, almost deserted at that hour, for His Majesty and the Princess generally leave it before half-past nine; but those who have seen Her Royal Highness are much struck by her fine seat and hands, and her pretty figure. She is now nearing her sixteenth birthday, and has developed a good deal lately, being tall and of an upright bearing. She holds herself particularly well, in fact, which is refreshing to see when the

(*Continued on page 8.*)

OPIUM DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

MR. MONTAGU'S FIRM STATEMENT.

STOCKS WILL BE CONSUMED IN ONE YEAR.

APPRECIATION OF INDIA'S GREAT SACRIFICE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 7.

In the House of Commons this evening, the Rev. Josiah Towyn Jones called attention to the opium traffic, and moved that the House again record its conviction that the opium trade between India and China was morally indefensible, and call on the Government to release China from her treaty obligations to admit the Indian drug, and allow her to prohibit the importation of the stocks accumulated in the Treaty ports. The reverend gentleman vigorously denounced the traffic which, he said, was the greatest curse to China and the greatest disgrace to Great Britain. He asked whether, while the churches in Britain were praying for China, the British Government was going to be the only obstacle to the fulfilment of those prayers. "God forbid," he added.

Mr. Edmund Harvey supported the Convention of 1911 as a step forward, but said it was not enough. A new situation had arisen. We should take the first step, and not wait for China to approach us officially.

Mr. William Keswick, with a knowledge of China extending over nineteen years, declared that opium-smoking was no more an evil than the taking of a glass of beer or wine. They found cranks dealing with the question, who were just as "cranky as those dealing with the teetotal question.

"We made a bargain with China," he said, "whereby we forgo money and advantages, to assist China to regenerate herself. To quote the Abolitionists. 'We have done our part.'"

The Chinese Government, he continued, was not doing its part. So long as that was so, he deprecated any resolution such as the present, especially now, when the Government of China was undergoing transformation. Care should be taken that the interests of His Majesty's subjects and the traders out there did not suffer.

SIR JOHN REES' AMENDMENT.

Sir J. D. Rees moved an amendment declining to vary the Agreement or precipitate the cessation of the traffic without due provision for safeguarding the interests of the Indian taxpayers and of British and Indian merchants. He was most anxious to stop the abuse of opium, but he did not think that the carrying out of the resolution would do it. He emphasized the fact that India was not financially in a position to stand the change. With reference to the effects of opium-smoking, he pointed out that the insurance companies did not penalise opium-smokers. If the Government treated the merchants in the manner suggested they would be behaving worse than any bucket-shop proprietor in the City.

Mr. Leslie Scott seconded Sir J. D. Rees' amendment. He dwelt on the loss to the individual trader if the resolution were acted on. He suggested that the Government should arrange with the Government of India, which made such enormous projects to negotiate with China for the purpose of taking the vast accumulated stocks off the market, thus relieving the strain of the threatening grave financial crisis in the East. There were two ways of dealing with them. One was to buy them by general subscription and burn them. That was possibly Utopian. The other way was to stop opium-growing in India till the stocks were sold in the markets, which were still open. By this course nobody would suffer.

MR. MONTAGU'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Montagu stated that China had never suggested the complete cessation of the importation of opium, but a *pari passu* policy. It was useless to talk of our forcing China to take opium. She had asked our co-operation in getting rid of opium. The readiness with which that co-operation has been given was recognised. When the Treaty of 1907 was modified in 1911, China had not suggested the abandonment of the *pari passu* policy, but merely the acceleration of the policy. Mr. Montagu gave statistics to show that the end of a traffic, which was four centuries old, would be in sight in 1916. The situation was complicated by the accumulation of twenty thousand chests of opium in the Treaty ports. The accumulation did not represent a desire on the part of the Chinese Government to shirk its treaty obligations. It was merely an index of the troubles of the Chinese Government in the period of transition of the Empire to the Republic.

Mr. Montagu said that in order to assist China, the Government of India took the step of abandoning the revenue from the sale of opium to China this year. India was not now selling a single ounce of opium to China. When the Chinese stocks in the Treaty ports had been absorbed up-country in a year's time, we would be entitled under treaty to sell to China 26,781 chests more. He was glad to announce that though we might get eleven millions of revenue from these chests, notwithstanding that we were entitled to sell opium in any province in China where opium was still being grown, we were prepared to undertake to refuse to send any more opium to China, not merely this year, but never again, with the single condition, that we desired to be satisfied that China was steadfast in pursuit of its present policy. He believed that the whole force of British public opinion was with the Government in its response to China. He concluded by asking the House to acknowledge the debt they owed their representatives in India, who cheerfully accepted the disappearance of this revenue.

The resolution and amendment were withdrawn.

The House then adjourned.

POPPY-GROWING IN CHINA.

LONDON, May 8.

In the House of Commons, yesterday, Mr. F. D. Acland, in reply to Sir John Jardine, said that the conditions regarding the increase or decrease of poppy-growing since the revolution in China, differed greatly in the various provinces. Generally speaking, the latest reports showed that the loss of Government control during the revolutionary disturbances led to a large increase in poppy-growing in almost all the opium-growing districts, but the Republican Government had been making strenuous efforts to suppress it, which had already met with considerable success in many districts.

LONDON, May 8.

The growth of poppy in India would be reduced to an amount sufficient to supply India and the markets outside China.

We were able not only to respond to the recent request of the Chinese Republic for the united prayers of churchmen in this country, but also in the House of Commons, to show sympathy with China in the action which he had announced. (Cheers.)

Mr. Montagu paid a warm tribute to the earnestness, sincerity, steadfastness and courage of the Chinese Government and people, in their purpose of ridding themselves of the mischief of the opium-traffic. Opium in Shanghai and Hongkong would be released at the rate of two thousand chests a month, and it was anticipated that all would be absorbed in about a year.

EVACUATION OF SKUTARI.

CONFERENCE AS TO MODE AND DATE.

CETINJE, May 8.

The Governor of Skutari is conferring with Admiral Burney as to date and mode of evacuation.

BRITAIN AND THE STATES.

PEACE CELEBRATION.

LONDON, May 8.

An influential British committee, headed by Lord Weardale, is visiting New York for the purpose of arranging preliminaries for the celebration of the hundred years peace between Britain and America.

It has been decided, among other things, to recommend the erection of a memorial bridge over the Niagra River, uniting Canada and the United States, also to arrange for a pause of five minutes in works of all kinds throughout the two countries, at a fixed hour.

The committee is being wel[illegible] in America, and its mission is generally approved, though certain political circles deprecate any official recognition of peace with Britian any more than with the other European countries.

"DAILY MAIL" FLYING PRIZES.

ROUTE OF ROUND-BRITAIN COMPETITION.

LONDON, May 8.

The flight in connection with the *Daily Mail* competition of "Round Britain in a Hydro-æroplane" starts at the end of August.

The route follows the Caledonian Canal, avoiding Pentland Firth owing to its dangerous air-currents.

AMERICAN TARIFF BILL.

WASHINGTON, May 8.

The Tariff Bill has passed the House of Representatives in practically the same form as it was submitted.

BRITISH POLO TEAM.

LONDON, May 8.

The English polo team sailed yesterday for America on board the "Oceanic."

LONDON, May 8.

Lord Roberts telegraphed to Captain Ritson, prior to the departure of the polo team for America, his heartiest wishes for their success. He knew that the team would uphold the best traditions of a sport which was the finest training possible for an officer.

MENAM VALLEY IRRIGATION

BANGKOK, May 8.

The Government has decided to irrigate the Menam Valley. The cost is estimated at two millions sterling. A loan will probably be necessary.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

PEKING, May 8.

Seijiro Hirai the executive head of the Japanese railways, has accepted the post of adviser to the Chinese Ministry of Communications.

"Incandescent Gas" is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting."—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom).

LORD SYDENHAM.

FIRST PUBLIC SPEECH AT HOME.

PROBLEM OF THE DEPRESSED CLASSES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 8.

Lord Sydenham made his first speech since his return to England, at a meeting of the Sociological Society, at which he presided, when a paper was read by Dr. Mann, on "the Untouchables of Poona."

Lord Sydenham said that while the important problem of the depressed classes was always confronting the Government of India, its existence was scarcely recognised by the casual visitor to India. Lord Sydenham paid a tribute to missionary work among the untouchables, but said it was to the higher classes of Indians that we must look to remove the social ban lying heavily upon the depressed classes, and give them their fair share in the life of India. He rejoiced in the establishment of an Indian-managed mission to the depressed classes, as an encouraging sign of the change, which was coming over India. The Government of India, he said, could only assist indirectly by conceding equal rights, which must depend on the patriotism of the political leaders of the Indian people.

Sir William Lee-Warner said they had to gain the devotion and the best of the religious mind of India. They had to raise the untouchables to a sense of their rights as citizens.

MAJOR WEINMAN, I. M. S.

SECOND ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, May 8.

Major Weinman, of the Indian Medical Service, who was found in his bed on March 1st seriously wounded, and who was sent to the country to recover, returned recently, and was considered quite recovered.

On Sunday, however, he jumped from the third floor of his lodgings in Bloomsbury and was killed.

An inquest was held, the verdict being "Suicide while of unsound mind."

ANOTHER VERSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, May 8.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—Major Weinmann, of the Indian Medical Service, who on the 2nd of March was found in his bed-room in a private hotel in Bedford Place with a number of wounds apparently inflicted with a surgical knife, has just succumbed to his injuries. At the inquest a verdict of "Suicide whilst of unsound mind," was returned.

CHINESE TURKESTAN.

INFLUENCE OF BRITISH CONSUL-GENERAL.

Miss C. J. Kemp, who has lately returned from a prolonged tour in Western Tibet and Turkestan, during which she incurred many dangers, lectured before the Central Asian Society yesterday.

She said it was entirely due to the influence, decision and force of will of Mr. Macartney, British Consul-Genera at Kashgar, Chinese Turkestan, that war had been averted in Chinese Turkestan during the revolution of 1912. Yet, whereas Russian troops were poured in to guard a few Russian subjects, Mr. Macartney was left entirely unsupported.

THE BIBLE SOCIETY.

STRIKING SIGNS OF PROGRESS IN CHINA.

LONDON, May 8.

At the annual meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society, the Rev. A. Taylor, while presenting the report, said it was wonderful that in 1912, for every two English books which the Society had sold, it had sold three in Chinese, mostly of the Gospels.

The Marquis of Northampton, presiding, said that China's request for the prayers of Christians was one of the most hopeful signs they had ever received.

CHINESE LOAN QUESTION.

PARLIAMENT UNABLE TO AGREE.

PEKING, May 8.

The Senate and the House of Representatives are unable to agree on the loan question. There was an uproar in the House of Representatives yesterday. The supporters of Government withdrew in the face of the Opposition tumult.

BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS.

LONDON, May 7.

The increases in imports for the month of April amounted to £2,551,119 and in exports to £10,165,462. The increases in imports were principally in food and drink, tobacco and manufactures of steel, cotton and wool, but there were decreases in raw cotton, amounting to 3½ millions sterling and in wool to 2½ millions. The increases in exports were chiefly in coal, 3½ millions; iron and steel manufactures, 2¼ millions; manufacturers of cotton, 1¼ millions; and of wool, 1½ millions.

ST. PAUL'S BOMB.

STRIKING SCENE IN THE CATHEDRAL.

BISHOP OF LONDON SHOWS EMOTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 7.

The bomb found in St. Paul's was a dynamite bomb. A mechanical defect prevented it from exploding.

The Dean says it was apparently meant to explode at night, when the Cathedral is empty. It would have destroyed the Throne and the floor below and part of a pillar.

The bomb found in St. Paul's was wrapped in brown paper. It was discovered by the ticking sound it made. It was filled with screws and bolts.

Portions of St. Paul's Cathedral have now been closed to the public. The Cathedral authorities are considering what steps to take to prevent the recurrence of such attempts.

The bomb reported to have been found in the *Daily News'* office, was a dummy and appears to have been found opposite that office near a store, containing twenty gallons of ether.

THE BISHOP'S EMOTION.

LONDON, May 8.

The Bishop of London, at St. Paul's, yesterday evening, referred with emotion to the bomb outrage. He asked the congregation to stand up and thank the Almighty for taking care of His own Cathedral against the machinations of persons doing the devil's work.

He asked the band to strike up "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

The huge congregation, however, without waiting for the band, sprang to their feet and sang the Doxology flow.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.

CHANCELLOR'S ESTIMATES OF TEA DUTY.

LONDON, May 8.

In the report stage of the Budget, yesterday, in the House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd George defended his estimates of the yield of the tea duty. It was true that he anticipated an abnormal increase, but the circumstances were abnormal. He regretted the necessity of maintaining the tax. He wished some method of direct taxation; for, the poor could be found as in the case of the rich, but practical difficulties were in the way.

This statement evoked some Liberal and Labour protests.

The resolution with regard to the maintenance of the duty was carried by 228 votes to 62.

THE BOY SCOUTS.

PRESENTATION TO SIR ROBERT BADEN-POWELL.

LONDON, May 8.

The Duke of Connaught, the new president of the Boy Scouts' Association, presided at a meeting of the Council yesterday and presented to Sir Robert Baden-Powell a motor-car, as a wedding present from the Scouts.

The Duke deprecated talk of militarism in connection with the movement.

DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.

His Royal Highness was happy to say that there was a slight definite improvement in the condition of the Duchess.

Nothing could be more encouraging to her to continue her fight against an insidious disease than the sympathy and affection which had been generously manifested throughout the whole Empire.

THE FRENCH NAVY.

IMPORTANCE OF CHANNEL COAST DEFENCE.

PARIS, May 8.

The *Matin* states that it has been decided to transfer the torpedo-boat flotilla at Lorient and the submarine flotillas at Rochefort and Lapalisse to Dunkirk and Cherbourg, respectively, owing to the need for concentrating the coast defence forces in the Channel.

TROUBLE BREWING AT BASRA.

BASRA, May 8.

The Arabs are discontented with the terms of the new law of administration in the Basra vilayet. The situation is not reassuring. There is some excitement and anxiety prevailing among the authorities.

H. M. sloop "Alert" arrived on May 4th.

The new Vali arrived on May 2nd.

BILLS IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, May 7.

In the House of Commons to-day amid cheers and counter-cheers, the Home Rule, Welsh Disestablishment and Scottish Temperance Bills were re-introduced.

SIR STUART SAMUEL.

LONDON, May 8.

Sir Rufus Isaacs will to-day introduce, in the House of Commons; a Bill to relieve Sir Stuart Samuel of the penalties that member incurred by voting in the House during the period when he was not entitled to vote.

MINISTERS AND OIL.

FUNNY RUMOURS IN THE CITY.

REGARDING CONTRACTS FOR THE NAVY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 8.

The *Times* to-day says that circumstantial, detailed rumours, originating in the City, have been circulating with regard to oil contracts for the Navy.

The rumours allege the personal connection of Ministers and others with the would-be contractors. The paper says that the Government will be well-advised, in the case of any pending oil contracts, to take the House of Commons fully into their confidence from the first, in order to obviate suspicion and exaggeration at the outset.

SPANISH KING IN PARIS.

FRATERNAL SENTIMENTS AT A BANQUET.

PARIS, May 7.

Attending a parade to-day, King Alfonso was cheered by large crowds. His Majesty also received an ovation during his drive to the Quai d'Orsay.

PARIS, May 8.

At a banquet in the Elysee Palace, M. Poincare, the French Premier, greeted in the person of King Alfonso the noble nation, which had contributed so many glorious pages to history. He rejoiced at the conclusion of the Moroccan conventions between France and Spain, which would enable their two countries to co-operate in the work of peace and civilisation.

King Alfonso, replying, welcomed the fraternal sentiments of the French people

THE VICEROY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, May 8.

The following additional sums have been placed at His Excellency the Viceroy's disposal for charitable purposes as a thankoffering on the occasion of his first public appearance since the attempt upon his life.

The Bharatpur Darbar, Rs. 5,000. Their Highnesses the Maharani and the Dowager Maharani of Gwalior Rs. 4,000 The Jagirdar of Pahara, Rs. 100. Babu Rameshwar Baksh Singh, proprietor of Parsendia Estate, Oudh, Rs. 50. Mr J. F. Madan, Rs. 25; the Elphinstons Bioscope Company, Calcutta, Rs. 2,525; Munshi Chandar Bali, Cawnpore, Re. 1; Babu Kshirode Sidhu Jana Re. 1. These sums will, for the present, be credited to the Lady Hardinge's general charitable fund. In addition to the above sum of Rs. 4,000. their Highnesses the Maharanies of Gawlior, on behalf of themselves and the lady of the Gawlior State, contributed a further sum of Rs. 1,001 towards the fund raised in connection with the address recently presented by Lady Sydenham to Her Excellency the Lady Hardinge.

CALCUTTA, May 8.

Dr. Deva Prasad Sarvadhikari has made a suggestion in his letter to the Press, in respect of thanksgiving for the Viceroy's recovery from the effects of the bomb.

As desired by Lady Hardinge, Dr. Sarvadhikari suggests that in Calcutta the childern should be entertained on 20th June. He was one of the conveners of children's entertainment on the occasion of the Royal visit in Calcutta.

IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, May 8.

In the office of the Commissioner of the Pegu Division, to-day, Mr. J. C. Clancey, R.A.S., F.R.G.S., F.S.I., Assistant Director of Land Records, was presented with the badge of the Companionship of the Imperial Service Order, which has been conferred on him for long and meritorious service under the Government. The badge was to have been originally presented at the Durbar, which Sir Harvey Adamson proposed to hold in Rangoon on February 25th. It was hoped that an opportunity would befound during the coming rains to make this and other presentations, which were postponed at the same time, but as Mr. Clancey is leaving Burma, on retirement on June 7th, and as the presentation could not be made before that date, his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor desired that it should be made by the Commissioner of the Pegu Division on his behalf. The decoration was pinned on Mr. Clancey by Major Desvoeux in the presence of a number of Government officials, after a brief speech explaining the object of the ceremonial.

DEATH BY POISONING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, May 8.

Four persons have been committed to the sessions by Mr. Clarke, First-class Magistrate, Lahore, on a charge of murder, under sensational circumstances. The accused, it is alleged, conspired to poison one Abdulla, who was undergoing seven years' imprisonment in the Lahore central jail, for having murdered the father of one of the accused, named Abdul Rehman, who has turned approver. Abdul Rehman engaged Mahomed Hay to murder Abdulla by way of revenge. The accomplice, with the help of a jail warder, his close relative, gave poison in sweetmeats to the prisoner, who died within two hours.

SEVERE FIGHTING.

BARNARD'S PATROL ATTACKED.

HAVILDAR MORTALLY WOUNDED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, May 8.

A correspondent of the "Rangoon Gazette" at Myitkyina writing the details of the recent attack on Barnard's patrol at Akhyaing Valley, says, the fight in Akhyaing Valley between Barnard's party and the Chinese survey party, it is understood, came about in the following manner:—Barnard having heard of the whereabouts of the Chinese, set out with a small party of Military Police under Captain Strettell to see for himself what they were up to and to warn them that they must immediately recross their border. As he approached the village in which they had their headquarters, they opened up heavy Mauser fire which, but for the fact that they were very poor shots, must have proved disastrous. As it was, one of our havildars was mortally wounded and Barnard himself was hit, though fortunately the wound was only a flesh one and he is now none the worse for it. The Military Police and Kachins with Barnard behaved splendidly; one of the latter creeping up into the ranks of the enemy, shot a Chinese soldier dead, securing his Mauser and 180 rounds of ammunition. By this time the rascals had had enough of it having lost a couple more of their number as well as three or four of the tribesmen who had joined them, and they bolted into the snows of Aalween Divide where it is not at all improbable that some more of them perished. It is stated that those captured, who have since been released, admit that they were sent out by the Viceroy of Yunnan but give as reason of being on our side of the Hemge, that they had lost their way.

MRS. BESANT'S SUIT.

DEFAULTERS DISMISSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, May 8.

At the Presidency Magistrate's Court, Egmore, Mir Osman Sahib Bahadur to-day delivered judgment in the cases in which Mrs. Annie Besant and others of the Theosophical Society proceeded against the Hon. Dr. T. M. Nair, editor of the "Antiseptic," Dr. U. Rama Rau, publisher of the same paper, and the editor of the "Hindu," on a charge of defamation in that a certain article was published in the "Antiseptic" which was alleged to be libellous, and that the editor of the "Hindu" had extracted the same in one of its issues.

The accused in the three cases were discharged. His Worship held that in the case against the Hon. Dr. Nair that the article which was published in the "Antiseptic," referred only to Mr. Leadbeater, and Mrs. Besant was referred to only incidentally. This was because she had supported Mr. Leadbeater and had got him readmitted into the Theosophical Society. The occasion on which Dr. Nair wrote the article was a privileged one and he had written it in the interests of the public. His Worship also held that a grievance was not the real cause of Mrs. Besant's launching a prosecution.

In the case against Dr. U. Rama Rau, his Worship also discharged the accused. His Worship in the case brought by Mr. Schwarz against the "Hindu" newspaper, held that no offence had been made out against the paper.

GALSTAUN VS. NAHAPIET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, May 8.

Judgment was delivered to-day in the Small Causes Court by Mr. J. C. Gupta, in the suit brought by Mr. J. C. Galstaun, a former well known owner of race-horses, against Mr. C. E. Grey, official assignee to the estate of Mr. M. M. Nahapiet, an insolvent. Previous to his insolvency in 1908, Mr. Nahapiet bought from Mr. Galstaun an English mare named Hoet and at the time of purchase agreed to pay Mr. Galstaun Rs. 1,000 out of the mare's first win. He became insolvent in April 1910, and on the day he filed his petition, there was a sum of Rs. 580 lying to his credit in the hands of the Turf Club. The Secretary of the Turf Club refused to pay over this sum to the Official Assignee on the ground that Mr. Galstaun had claimed it and the Official Assignee filed a suit for the recovery of the money which was then paid into court. Mr. Galstaun then filed this suit and claimed that he had preference over the general body of creditors by virtue of agreement at the time of the purchase of the mare. For Mr. Galstaun, it was argued that the sum of R. 580 did not vest in the Official Assignee for the reason that it became payable to Mr. Galstaun immediately the mare won a race, while for the Official Assignee, it was maintained that Mr. Galstaun stood in the position of an ordinary creditor.

The Judge held that the money was lying to credit of Mr. Nahapiet and he accordingly dismissed the suit without any order as to costs.

The *Tribune* reports a daring raid on the village of Pai, near Bannu. A few days ago the raiders looted a number of Hindu shops and killed one Jawinda Ram.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the amalgamation of the Central Provinces and Berar Commissions and the revision of the pay and grading of certain appointments in the combined cadre.

CANNANORE TRIAL.

CONCLUSION OF THE EVIDENCE.

REMAINING PRISONER TO BE SUMMARILY TRIED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CANNANORE, May 8.

The court-martial reassembling yesterday, the trial of Havildar Mahomed Sheriff was proceeded with. After the cross-examination of Lieutenant-Colonel Dominichetty, Captain Spitta was also examined as a witness for the prosecution.

Evidence for the prosecution having been closed, counsel for the defence examined two witnesses, including Captain Leman.

The prosecutor handed over to the Court a written statement of the accused.

Counsel for the defence then addressed the Court on behalf of his client, after which the Judge-Advocate summed up the case briefly.

The Court then closed to consider its finding, and on re-opening, nearly an hour later, the service-sheet of the accused was read out to him by the presecutor.

With the termination of the trial of Havildar Mahomed Sheriff, the Cannanore court-martial came to a close.

The only other prisoner to stand his trial is Naik Abdul Jaleel, who is to be tried by a summary court-martial, in the course of a few days, with the Officer Commanding, the 88th Carnatic Infantry, as president.

BURMA CUSTOMS.

MR. JUDGE'S RETIREMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, May 8.

Mr. A. S. Judge Chief Collector of Customs, Burma, who retires next week, joined the Bengal Police in 1880, as D. S.P. Patna, and in 1894 was transferred to Calcutta as Collector of Income-Tax, where he served for one year. For the next ten years he served as Superintendent of Customs in Calcutta and in 1903 was transferred to Rangoon. During his tenure of office in Burma the various departments of the Customs House have been reorganised to meet the great advance that has taken place in the trade of the province. The aggregate value of trade, which was 48 crores of rupees in 1905-06 amounted to 76 crorers in 1912-13 and the Customs revenues during the same period advanced from rupees 150 lakhs to rupees 206 lakhs. Mr. Judge, during his tenure of office, maintained the confidence and esteem of the mercantile community by his unfailing courtsey and by his ever ready help to all alike. He has always taken keen interest in his men, is a great believer in combining sport and work, and to him is due the establishment of the Customs clubs at Calcutta and Rangoon. During his regime in Rangoon he has acted as steward of the Rangoon races and as a member of the Executive Council of Burma Athletic Association.

WEDDING IN OOTY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, May 8.

St. Stephen's Church was the scene of one of the prettiest weddings known on these hills. The pretty church was simply but tastefully decorated with beautiful flowers and greenery, by Mrs. Welchman. The church and gallery were thronged, amongst those present being their Excellencies Lord and Lady Pentland, Generals Nixon and Woon, Sir John and Lady Atkinson, Sir Harold Stuart, the Maharaja of Bobbili and all the local society. It was the occasion of the marriage of Miss Nora Bourne, daughter of Sir Alfred and Lady Bourne, with Mr. Stephen Cox, District Forest Officer. The bride looked sweetly pretty in an ivory satin dress. Bridal wreath of orange blossoms and white heather was worn over Brussels net veil bordered with lace. She carried a lovely shower boquet of white flowers tastefully arranged by Miss Legatt and was attended by Misses Atkinson and Lodge as bridesmaids, preceded by little Miss Margaret Machain. The bridesmaids were robed in pretty frocks of pale blue crepe-de-chine with draped skirts and mauve sashes and wore mauve tagal hats with pale blue crowns with little bunches of pink and mauve sweet peas at the side. The bridegroom was attended by Mr. F. C. L. Cowley Brown, of the Forest Service, who acted as best man. The service was fully choral and he ceremony performed by the Lord Bishop of Madras, assisted by Rev. Wilchman, chaplain. The bride was given away by her father.

A reception was afterwards held at which his Excellency Lord Pentland proposed the health of the bridal couple. Mr. and Mrs. Cox left for Craigmore under shower of confeti and good wishes where honeymoon will be spent. The Bishop made an interesting address at the conclusion of the service. The presents were costly and numerous.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

COMMITTEE TO MEET AT NAINI TAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, May 8.

A small representative committee will meet at Naini Tal early in June to consider the whole question of primary education for boys and girls. Mr. Piggott, Judicial Commissioner of Oudh, will preside, and among the members will be Mr. Nreemantle, Collector of Allahabad, Mr. Lupton, Collector of Moradabad, two educational officers, the Hon. Dr. Sunderlal, the Hon'ble Mr. Ganga Prasad Varma and several other non-official members.

ALLEGED COTTON GAMBLING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, May 7.

Notwithstanding the cotton-gambling ordinance, this particular form of gambling is clandestinely going on in and near Calcutta. Recently a case was reported at Howrah, and to-day nine persons, including a European, were produced before the Police Commissioner, charged with gambling in cotton figures at Waterloo-street. The Commissioner sent the accused for trial.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(*Continued from page 6*).

eye is accustomed to the "all-to-pieces" air that most young people seem to affect. Princess Mary has always been very sporting in her tastes, devoted to games and to riding, skating, and swimming, and these have tended to make her a very fresh and charming girl. Her Royal Highness is much looking forward to attending the wedding of her cousin Princess Victoria Louise, the German Emperor's daughter, whom she learned to know when the latter was in England with her parents a couple of years ago. The two young princesses went about a great deal together to picture galleries and other sights, and became great friends, in spite of the difference in their ages. This will be Princess Mary's third trip abroad. She was taken, you will remember, by her father and mother (then Prince and Princess of Wales) in the Royal yacht to Norway on a visit to King Haakon and Queen Maud, and afterwards went for a cruise in the fjords; but she was then quite a little girl. Last year she accompanied the Queen to Strelitz, and during her stay there she went for a few hours' sightseeing to Berlin, but did not meet any of her German relations, as the Court was not there at the time.

The Prince of Wales is thoroughly enjoying himself at Stuttgart, and is much more his own master than ever before. His Royal Highness has seen something of "The Land of Teck," with which readers of Mr. Baring Gould's book are familiar, and of many interesting places in Wurtemberg, amongst others the Castle of Ludwigsburg. He has dined at mess with the officers of the 20th Uhlans, and now we hear he has had some capercailzie shooting in the Royal preserves at Schonbruck. He has been several times to the theatre and to the Opera, and altogether his Royal hosts at Stuttgart have given him some delightful experiences. The Prince will soon be returning to England, as term begins at the Universities in a few days.

Apropos of His Royal Highness, you will know that the Duchy of Cornwall House, at the corner of Buckingham Gate, which, of course, belongs to him, and will probably be required by the Prince for some members of his Household when these are all appointed, has for some time been occupied by Sir Derek and Lady Keppel and their little daughters. It is now thought that Sir Derek may be granted the use of the Ranger's Lodge in Hyde Park, which was given to the late General Sir Stanley Clarke, for so many years Equerry to King Edward, and to his widow for her life, and which, owing to the sad and unexpected death of the latter at Algiers, is now standing empty. It may not be generally known that at one time Sir Stanley and Lady Clarke lived at Appleton Hall. This was before the marriage of the Queen of Norway, to whom King Edward gave the house and grounds as one of his many wedding presents to his youngest daughter. The late Sir Stanley Clarke was laid to rest in the churchyard at West Newton, close to Appleton, and, of course, in the near neighbourhood of Sandringham.

GIRLS.

Hunting men all over the country are remarking upon the fact that during the season which is so nearly over nearly all the children who were "out" were girls. "I can't think what has become of the boys," a follower of a North Country pack was heard to remark during the Christmas holidays. From other packs comes the same report, and at a Devonshire meet of the Silverton Foxhounds last week there were five young girls and not a single boy. One wonders whether hunting is losing its ancient fascination. It may be that the schoolboy of to-day prefers engines to horses. Princess Mary must be numbered among the young girls who have been hunting during the past season, Her Royal Highness having been out several times with the Garth Hounds.

1,600 YEAR-OLD FARM.

The remains of a Roman farm, ninety-six acres in extent, have been found on Rockbourne Down, Hampshire, as the result of excavations made by permission of Lord Shaftesbury.

In a quadrangle 150ft. by 80ft., enclosed by a ditch, were found a dwelling-house, bakehouse, granary with hypocaust (heating apparatus), and the remains of corn. The excavation also disclosed bones of horses and oxen, fragments of classical earthenware, including the prized "Samian ware" (really made at Arezzo, in Tuscany), vessels of Purbeck marble (Dorsetshire), spindle-wheels, knife blades, and coins from the Emperor Gallienus to Constantine (third and fourth centuries).

VENUS IN A CELLAR.

The ground floor of a house in the Via Santa Sofia at Naples collapsed suddenly revealing an ancient cellar containing a magnificent statue of Venus. Professor Spinazzola, Director of the Naples Museum, has examined the statue, which is of Parian marble and belongs to the best period of Græco-Roman art.

FOURTH HUSBAND AT 88.

At the age of eighty-eight, Mrs. Jane Evans, of Llandsrog, Carmarthenshire, has married as her fourth husband a bachelor of thirty-three, David Jones.

I saw this announcement in a paper, and I thought I must send it to you. Why should one woman be able to capture 4 husbands and so many women in the present day can't get one of any sort.

WEDDING NOVELTY.

A novel feature of a wedding celebrated at St. John's Church, Brooklands, near Manchester, recently, was the singing by the bride's sister of the well-known sentimental song "Because" during the signing of the register. The contracting parties were Miss Bertha Ruckelt, of Brooklands, and Mr. Harold Minter Harvey, of Nonington, Dover. The bride's sister is known on the concert platform as Miss N. Wynn Hanway.

CORRESPONDENCE.

WHAT'S TO BE DONE?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

"He stood on his head by the lone sea-shore
And joy was the cause of his act
He felt as he never had felt before
Insanely glad in fact.
For in the ship that had left the bay
His mother-in-law had sailed
To a tropical country far away
Where tigers and snakes prevailed."

SIR,—I cannot sleep at night owing to the harrowing and disquieting piece of fashionable intelligence in your issue of the 8th instant to the effect that the Duchess of Marlborough's mother, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, does not intend to "spend a single dollar in England this year" owing to the attitude of the British Government towards Woman Suffrage.

Now, I do not intend to go into the thorny question of woman's suffrage. That is a matter about which most men have their own views. Personally, I am inclined to participate in the sigh of the young man who shocked his family by languidly observing that he wished the Turkish harem was an English institution. Possibly this may shock some people but if you are going to do anything or have any views now-a-days, you must not, like Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, stick at half measures. Do not limit your expenditure of dollars in England to one year but, having regard to the currency of that coin in England, safely and boldly announce that you do not "ever" intend to spend a dollar in the British Isles. For instance, I am so vexed about the whole question myself that I do not intend to spend a single "rupee" at home. That will bring them to their knees, the haughty, proud, nasty, sneering Britishers and you see how they will look at, say, Fuller's or Selfridge's when I have made my purchase and do not tender in exchange the rupee they expect. The question, of course, is what's to be done to avert this threatened Yankee girl cott (suffragette equivalent for boycott)? The consequences of it would be too disastrous. Our vocabulary will cease to be enriched for one year by a hundred or so ephemeral jaw-twisting and nasal sounds meant to represent the latest in smart talk out West, our big hotels will be forced to take in mere Londoners at reasonable rates, and our dentists, besides losing a small fortune, will no longer be able to extol the advantages of chewing gum as an antiseptic. It seems to me that under the shadow of this threat our legislators are singularly apathetic. What does it matter whether Essad Pasha does or does not become king of Albania, whether the terminus of the Bagdad Railway is Bagdad or Koweit, whether we are going to have those wretched three Canadian Dreadnoughts or not, or whether Mrs. Lloyd George should have given evidence before the Marconi Commission instead of her husband, what we want is our American visitors. Who knows whether they might not be carried past the storm-swept shores of our little Isle to some of those barbarous continental states where on her marriage day the bride presents her husband with a switch? We would not have their feelings lacerated by the contemplation of such practices. What says His Grace?—Yours, etc.,

NOTUS.

VICEROY'S BIRTHDAY.

MEETING IN BOMBAY.

In response to the request of a number of prominent representatives of various communities in Bombay, a few of the citizens were present at a preliminary meeting held yesterday evening in the Municipal Corporation Hall, to settle the necessary details of work in connection with the entertainment to school children on the occasion of the birthday of his Excellency Lord Hardinge.

Lady Hardinge intimated her desire that on the 20th June, the birthday of the Viceroy, the children all over the land should be enabled to share her great joy.

No European was present at the meeting with the exception of Dr. Stanley Reed and another gentleman. The gathering was purely composed of Indians, among them being Sir P. M. Mehta, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas, and the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy.

On the motion of Dr. Stanley Reed, Sir P. M. Mehta was voted to the chair.

Sir Pherozesha said that it would be remembered how the treacherous attempt made on life of his Excellency had been deplored, and the what a relief to all at the absolutely providential escape of his Excellency was. It is no wonder then that a desire should be expressed to make the occasion of his birthday a joyous one, and Lord Hardinge himself had intimated his wish to give an entertainment to the sick children of th country. Her Excellency had, in the fulness of her heart, extended the privilege of happy enjoyment to all the children of India, and it was to give effect to this request that they had met together. Sir Pherozesha, in conclusion, hoped that those present would unanimously, carry out the propositions that would be placed before them.

Mr. G. K. Devadhar, of the Servants of India Society, in a few words referred to the interest evinced, in the movement by people all over the presidency. He stated that he had been informed by Sir Chitnavis at Nagpore, Sir Narayen Chandavarkar at Indore, and Sir Chunibhai Madhowlal at Ahmedbad, that they fully co-operated with the movement, and further he had received information that in Poona a treat would be given to children under the patronage of his Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

Mr. Devadhar then made a statement of the amount received which was Rs. 15,000 for 40,000, which he hoped would be augmented by other donations. He also explained the method by which they intended carrying out the arrangements that were already announced in the press.

The Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy then moved the resolution for the appointment of a General Committee, consisting of a number of leading citizens of Bombay, for the purpose of collecting funds and carrying out the object. This resolution was seconded. and Sir Pherozesha stated that he would himself like to add that all the details of the work would be left with the General Committee, and the final decison of details would be left with them.

The resolution was carried.

Dr. D'Monte then moved the resolution appointing Sir P. M. Mehta, president of the General Committee, and also suggesting the names of various other gentlemen as secretaries and treasurer.

The resolution was seconded and passed.

Mr. K. Natarajan then proposed a vote of thanks to Sir Pherozesha and stated that they were fortunate to be able to secure him as their president. The meeting then dissolved.

ACCORDING to the present arrangements, meetings of the Imperial Legislative Council will be held at Simla this year on Tuesday, the 9th, and Wednesday the 10th September. A third meeting also will be held later, if necessary.

TO REMOVE THE AFTER-EFFECTS OF MALARIA.

A Great Scientific Discovery.

Major-General Ross, Professor of Tropical Medicine in the University of Liverpool, has just published a pamphlet summarising the facts known with regard to Malaria which, as Sir Joseph Fayrer has written, "is the cause of more sickness and invaliding than almost all other diseases combined, and seldom entirely ceases to manifest its effect on the constitution."

As everyone knows, Malaria is due to enormous numbers of minute blood parasites called plasmodia, which are introduced into the body by a certain mosquito, of which there are about a hundred and twenty known species

Major Ross's pamphlet is of extreme importance to all who live in India, for he also writes with great clearness on the personal precautions to be taken to avoid infection. When, however, infection has occurred, and the acute stage has been cured with quinine, the sufferer's blood is invariably in so poor a condition that he suffers from anæmia with its long list of depressing symptoms. His great need is, then, of something which will revitalise the blood, restore to their full number the red corpuscles which have been destroyed, renew the wasted tissues, thus restoring the weight which has been lost, and reinvigorating the nervous system, thus making the sufferer feel well and strong.

To do all this, nothing can compare with Sanatogen, the tonic nerve food, whose action in these cases has been attested by innumerable sufferers. Thousands of letters have been received by the proprietors from residents in all parts of India. The following is merely an example which shows the wonderful effect which Sanatogen never fails to produce in these cases. Dr. H. H. W. Hart, Hapur Remount Depot, Babugarh, United Provinces, writes: "I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of Sanatogen in cases of Malaria, Enteric Fever, Dysentery and other exhausting diseases. I have used it regularly now in my practice for the past two years, and in no single instance have I been disappointed with its results. I can honestly affirm that many of my worst cases owed their recovery to Sanatogen. I could quote numerous cases where the administration of Sanatogen was followed by immediate and marked amelioration of the symptoms. I cannot speak too highly of its value, and I certainly consider it the best of artificial foods."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

HOUSELESS PARISIANS.

SIX HUNDRED FAMILIES LOOKING FOR ABODES.

A soldier on guard at the Court of Honour, in the Ministry of Finance, relaxed his vigilance for a moment, when a man entered, pushing before him a cart laden with the humblest of household furniture. He was followed by a woman and three children in rags. Looking about him, the man espied the Ministerial garage, which happened to be empty. In a trice the handcart was in the garage and the furniture was being unloaded. The soldier waking up, hurried to the spot and asked what the man was doing there?

"Oh, it is all right, my boy," was the reply; "it is the Minister's orders. Don't you worry. I am in command of operations."

The soldier, only half satisfied, reported to his lieutenant, who informed the Police Commissary of the quarter. This functionary hastened to the garage and demanded an explanation.

"My name is Mathard Gustave," said the man, "and I am the secretary of the Outer Tenants' Syndicate. This poor woman, with her three children, aged 6 years, 4 years and 18 months, has just been ejected by her landlord. Her husband has deserted her, she is starving, and I considered it my duty to look for a shelter for her. I found one here. It is quite simple."

The commissary of police ordered the furniture to be taken to a shed belonging to the Customs authorities, and gave the woman a small sum of money to enable her to put up at a lodging-house until she could find someone to take her in.

This remark a Paris correspondent is only one of many scenes which have been witnessed in the streets of Paris during the past few days. The question of the homeless poor is a burning scandal in the 18th and 20th arrondissements. Six hundred families have been looking for lodgings since term day. The chief difficulty is that landlords object to let to families with numerous children—and this at a time when, through depopulation, there is such a shortage of recruits that the Government wants to restore the three-years' service system.

IRISH TRAGI-COMEDY.

A SOW WHICH ATE A GOAT.

A rollicking story of an Irish sow, which was alleged to have devoured a young goat convulsed all who heard it at the Castlepollard (Co. Westmeath) Petty Sessions.

Thomas McCann claimed compensation from Margaret Brady for "injury done to the goat," and started the narrative well.

"Your Worship," said McCann, "her sow ate a goat of mine on April 1, and made a right fool of me." (Laughter.)

"It's not quite a goat," he explained; "yet it's a kid. The sow is such a devil that if any of my children were out she'd eat them too. I tried to get one of the kid's legs before she was gone altogether, but she was so smart swallowing my poor kid that I could not get even a crubeen of her." (Renewed laughter.)

Mrs. Brady, the defendant, said she could give the names of six people who would give her sow a good character. (Loud Laughter.) All of them would say what a decent animal the sow was.

McCann: Didn't she swallow even her eyebrows? (Roars of laughter.) I was keeping the kid to get a little milk later on, but I wouldn't care a straw only if the sow got at my little children she would eat them to their boots.

The Chairman: What might be the value of the kid?

McCann: Well, I leave it at 5s.

Mrs. Brady: Oh, gracious! I often sold them for 3½d. and 6d.

"Do you feed this wild pig?" the defendant was asked.

Mrs. Brady: I give her all the feeding I have, and she goes out on the hill. She'd eat anything.

McCann (fervently): I believe that. (Loud laughter.)

The Bench allowed McCann 2s. 6d.

BENGAL DACOITIES.

WEALTHY ZEMINDAR ROBBED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, May 8.

Two more serious dacoities are reported, one of which was committed near Burdwan and the other in Bankura. In the first case, about sixty dacoits attacked the house of Mr. Bhuban Roy Chowdhury, a local zemindar, and after maltreating the inmates, looted about seven thousand rupees in cash and jewellery. In the second case the victim was Mr. L. Ghosh of Raghunathbati, in Sonamukhi police station, Bankura District. It is stated that about twenty-four men, armed and masked, raided the house, but the villagers turned out, and the dacoits, who were recognised as local men, hurriedly left the place, followed by the villagers, who overtook them on the bank of the Damodar river, where a free fight resulted in some tweney persons being more or less injured. The dacoits, however, finally succeeded in making good their escape.

M. AND S. M. RY. STRIKE.

SOUTH INDIA RAILWAY PREPARING STRIKE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, May 8.

The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway employees and the guards and brakesmen of the South India Railway are preparing to agitate for increased pay and allowance. It is alleged that, if the authorities prove unsympathetic, the men will strike.

THE AMIR.

ARRIVAL AT KABUL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, May 8.

A Frontier correspondent reports:—The Amir has arrived at Kabul from Jellalabad.

ARREST OF AN ARMED STOCKBROKER.

A dramatic story of the arrest of a stockbroker at Brighton was told at the Guildhall when Howard Inchbald, 46, formerly of Gresham House, Old Broad-street, living at Heathcote, Tavis-tock-road, East Croydon was charged, in conjunction with his brother, Charles Elderton Inchbald (who was remanded on the previous day), with the fraudulent conversion of securities.

The brothers have been arrested by direction of the Public Prosecutor, and it is alleged that £20,000 worth of securities have been improperly dealt with.

Detective-constable Burgess (City) said that accompanied by officers of the Brighton police he kept observation on a house a Michael's place, Brighton.

At about one o'clock they saw the prisoner leave and, having glanced cautiously round him, enter the Crescent Inn.

Witness and Detective-sergeant Taylor followed. As soon as accused saw them he clapped his hand to his pockets. He was at once seized, but struggled violently to get free.

From prisoner's right hand jacket pocket witness took a revolver, loaded in four hambers with ball cartridges, and from the left hand pocket a second revolver loaded in five chambers with blank cartridge.

Prisoner on these weapons being produced, said, "Don't be alarmed. I was only going up to the Dyke to practise. There's something wrong with one of the cylinders. It's not me you want, but my brother Charlie."

Besides the weapons, he had in his possession £122 in cash and notes. At his house the police found £8 in gold, a bludgeon, some veronal, and other tablets.

Prisoner was remanded, bail being refused.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

The following is the list of Opium Revenue to date compared with the estimate for the year 1913-1914:—

Latest Month.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate	Worse than Estimate
InApl. 1913	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal ...	1980000	3312100	1332100	.....
InApl. 1913				
Bombay ...	.....	Sale	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....

One Sales of Bengal Opium.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than E'mate
Rvd E'te To end of Apl. 1913	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal...	1980000	3312100	1332100	... ...
Rvd E'te To end of Mar. 1913				
Bombay..	.....	Sale	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....

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LADIES' CORNER.

THE SHOEMAKER'S TRIUMPH.

There was a time—history and old prints attest it—when a woman's ambitions or duties (whichever way you look upon it) touching her footgear hardly rose beyond black sandal shoes fastened with a single button, and nice white thread stockings. Jane Austen's heroes, and our Queen Victoria amongst others, stepped about thus shod, and no one complained of monotony. Men in the same period wore embroidered slippers and waistcoats. Now we have changed all that, and leaving the plain black shoes to men, fashion imposes on us women as many varieties of shoes as of frocks or hats, and, indeed, I am not sure, writes a lady correspondent from Paris, that we do not spend relatively more on our feet this year than on our heads.

A NAPOLEON OF SHOES.

Short skirts and the recent cult for colour are responsible for the new era in the history of women's footgear. The coloured and decorated shoe, at first exclusively for evening wear, has been adopted for afternoon functions, and with the innovation we have revolutionised our budget. The attractive windows of the ready-made shoe stores reflect in a more or less modest manner the extravagances of select private makers, and enable women of small means and (equally important stipulation) small feet to keep step with the movement. One ultra-smart maker here has established the principle that a well-dressed woman needs at least a thousand pounds' worth of shoes and stockings in her wardrobe, and he for his part accepts no first order from any one for less than that amount. For this price, moreover, he only condescends to give you fifty pairs of boots and shoes, with as many boot-trees, the lot packed in two fascinating little trunks, lined with quilted satin. But to each pair of shoes and boots he adds half a dozen pairs of silk stockings to match, and provides a certain number of handsome buckles and paste ornaments to the dainty shoes. But, while admitting that his is a hard doctrine for women as a rule to follow, he maintains that he earns his money by making shoes that fit. For he makes trial shoes, which he cuts and slashes with a knife if, on fitting, they are seen to unduly press upon the client's toes or heels, and no indifferent fits are sent out. This Napoleon of shoemaking could, I think, only earn a living in Paris; but the fact of his existence will go down to history as one of our social anomalies, since he works for a race of women who have notoriously abandoned the footpath for the motor-car, and who consequently cannot wear out many shoes.

A FANCY BAZAAR.

Yesterday afternoon a fancy bazaar was held on the grounds of the Parel Convent in aid of the convent building, which is in need of some repairs. The grounds were tastefully decorated with flags and buntings. There were four stalls which consisted of a variety of fancy goods and toys. There was a large number of visitors and the children, who turned out in great force, were provided with considerable amusement. The visitors evinced considerable interest in the exhibition and one of them, Mr. Danjibhoy Bomanji, of Mazagon, rendered great assistance to the Lady Superior and her staff, who were responsible for the exhibition.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Direct Cable Perfect.
Australia.	**China.**	**Africa.**
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 8th May.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Ahwaz, Mohammerah, Schouschter, and Dizful should bear instructions "Post Bushire" till further notice (15-5-12).

All communication with southern places Phillipines now normal (8-5-13).

Greek administration notify correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Salonika, Lemnos, Florina, Kozani, Vodena, Servia. Elassona re-opened via Eastern. Bulgarian administration notify opening to International Service following places Prisvich, Gnailane, Gostiva, Kossouka, Krativa, Kitchekio, Vizes (Kocrprulu), Bauchitron, Hotolia (Monastir). Rates for abovementioned places same as for Europe (24-3-13).

Montenegrin Telegraph Office opened at Scutari (18-4-13).

Telegrams for all places in States of Cohuila, Chihuhua, Morelos, Sinola, Sonora in Mexico are accepted at sender's risk (1-4-13).

Telegrams for Buenos Ayres in Argentine Republic intended to be transmitted by cable to destination should be marked via Madeira (2-5-13).

Communication between Mexican States of Chihuhua and Sonora interrupted (3-5-13).

Communication between Loanda and Melange and Novo Redondo is normal (7-5-13)

No restrictions now in force on telegrams or Hankow (8-5-13).

His Excellency the Governor-General in-Council has been pleased to declare that the election of the Honourable Maharaja Rana Jitsingha of Nashipur to be an Additional Member of the Governor-General's Legislative Council was valid.

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Nickel hunting	ditto	ditto	27
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Silver open face	ditto	ditto	35
Silver hunting	ditto	ditto	40
Silver ½-hunting	ditto	ditto	45
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18-carat gold hunting	ditto	ditto	175
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SPORTING NEWS.

WELLINGTON POLO TOURNAMENT.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE vs. BUFFS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Coonoor, May 8.

The final play of the Wellington Polo Tournament between the Buffs and the Government House (B) took place last evening. The grounnd was in excellent condition. Score :—

Government House (B) ... 9 goals.
Buffs ..... 7 goals.

Government House (B) :—Captain Cavendish, Capt. Clayton (back), Capt. the Hon. Fellowes.

Buffs:—Major Trevor, Capt. Power (back) Hon. P. Scarlett.

At the conclusion of the game Mrs. Geddes presented the Cup to the winning team.

BOXING IN RANGOON.

Rangoon, May 8.

A boxing match between Mr. W. Fisher of Calcutta and Mr. B. Jellicoe of Burma, has been arranged to take there in the Jubilee Hall on May 24.

LAWN TENNIS.

Two matches were played yesterday at the Bombay Gymkhana, one in each of the class of the Singles Handicap.

In the "A" class Remington (+ 4-6) who in previous rounds had drawn a bye and also scored two "walks over," his opponents having scratched, was opposed to Sephton (+ 2-6). It resulted in an extremely easy win for the latter player: 6—1, 6—0.

In the "B" class, Briggs (+ 3-6) had a good match with Harrington (scr.), the former player winning after two very evenly contested sets 6—4: 6—3.

GOLF.

THE MODERN BALL AND ITS EFFECT ON STYLE.

A COMPARISON WITH THE PAST.

Mr. Harold H. Hilton, writes in the "Westminster Gazette" :—

When recently watching at the match between our Varsity students on the Hoylake course I cannot candidly admit that I was materially impressed with the general average of the style of play employed by those youthful exponents of the game, and I came to the conclusion that, taking them as a whole, their methods of execution were not of a particularly impressive nature. The fact that the form displayed was, moreover, of a not too flattering character certainly tended to confirm the opinion that amongst the sixteen players engaged there were indeed very few whose style of play had any serious pretensions to the gifts of elegance and finish.

But perhaps I anticipated too much from these 'Varsity boys. It may be that their styles were quite up to the standard of, say, the general average of good club players, and that it is not beyond the bounds of probability that style in the game of golf has been prone to deteriorate during the past five or ten years. There may be a certain degree of truth in this contention, as I think there cannot be the slightest shadow of doubt that the incoming of the rubber-cored ball has had a drastic and material effect upon the methods of all classes of players, not only upon those who knew but little of the solid ball, but, moreover, upon the styles of those whose golf was bred, born, and fashioned in association with the ball of gutta-percha.

Players may not be aware of the fact that their style of play has altered in any material manner, but in many cases it has, as is proved by the means of photography. The majority of players in the present day do not swing through with the same rhythm and grace that used to be such a marked feature of the good player twelve to twenty years ago. We have one and all developed into a species of firm-footed players, who hit at the ball with a minimum of foot work and a maximum of wrist and arm work. We try to give the ball a firm, sharp crisp blow with a comparatively restricted body action, and I think there can be but little doubt that is the most efficacious manner in which to propel the latest production of the ball-makers' art. The days of the long lazy sweep of the club, with a more or less exaggerated body action, are very much days of the past. These methods were all very well in the times when we were playing with a ball which was not at all easy to get into the air, and even still more difficult to keep in the air, but they do not pay in these times, when the difficulty is not so much to keep the ball in the air as to keep it flying at such a trajectory that it will roll a considerable distance after landing on mother earth. To attain this latter object the golfer has arrived at the conclusion—in some cases perhaps quite unconsciously—that it is absolutely necessary to stand firm on the feet, and trust to the power which can be applied with the aid of the hands, wrists, and arms, and in consequence the present generation of golfers are developing into what might be termed a fast-footed race of players, much more so than we are perhaps apt to imagine.

I know personally that my one great difficulty when driving is to forget what I learnt in the days of my youth, and to remember not to fling my body at the ball as I was wont to do when the gutty ball was in use. I find that it is simply a waste of energy to do so, as I can drive quite as far, in fact probably further, by standing comparatively firmly on my feet, and just giving the ball a sharp, crisp blow. Looking back at examples of instantaneous photography taken ten to fifteen years ago, or even of a more recent date than that, I find that at the finish of the swing my left foot was almost invariably pointing straight away in the line of flight my ball was intended to travel, which means that there was sufficient abandon in the body action to force that foot from its original position. Nowadays phothography most plainly evidences the fact that at the end of the swing my left foot is almost exactly in the same position as it was when I took up my position to pay the shot, which means that my body action is not nearly so free as it was wont to be. I have altered my methods to suit the requirements of the rubber cored ball, and as these alterations were hardly noticeable at all until the small, heavy ball came into vogue, I must naturally assume that it was this latest phase in ball-making that has been mainly responsible for the firm-footed methods which are becoming such a marked feature of the styles of the present-day players.

Taking this all into consideration, I have perhaps been a little unkind in adversely criticising the styles of the Varsity players at Hoylake. it may be that in point of elegance they are quite up to the average standard of present-day players, the players who have been trained in the day of the small heavy ball, but if this is so, there is only one conclusion I can arrive at, and it is this, that from a point of finish and finesse the style of play in the year 1913 is distinctly of a somewhat uncouth character in comparison with the styles of the players of old.

That the style of the present day may be the most adaptable for existing conditions I am not in a position to gainsay, and, moreover, it may be that it is quite as utilitarian from a playing point of view; but, on the other hand, we have staring us in the face the undeniable fact that the rising generation of golfers, amateur or professional, do not exhibit the slightest evidence of ever worthily filling the places of the men who made their names before the rubber-cored ball was ever heard of, and I cannot but think that where they fail is in this matter of style. They do not wield the club with the same rhythm or upon the same scientifically sound principles as the older class players do. The latter may have altered their methods to meet the requirements of existing conditions, but they have never all togteher departed from the style which they learnt in their youth, a style which was founded on methods which could most apparently stand the test of time.

ARMS AND THE MAN.

THE NATIONAL SERVICE. QUESTION.

In the "Times" recently Sir Thomas Sturmy Cave has characteristically pointed to the difficulties that attend the training of "unwilling men." If, asked Sir Thomas, the idea prevails now on the Continent that "two years is not a sufficient time to make a reliable soldier of an unwilling man... what then will be the value of the unwilling men trained under the scheme of the National Service League for three or four months only? The inference we are apparently intended to draw is plausible; but quite unsound, unless it be assumed that "unwilling men" are the rule, not the exception. There are idle, good-for-nothing, and unpatriotic men in every country, and some of them must naturally find their way into a compulsorily enlisted army which makes really heavy drafts on the available supply of recruits. But the young men France have recently proved that patriotism rises above all selfish considerations. The Romans who subdued Europe were compulsorily-enlisted soldiers; so also were the French whom Napoleon led from victory to victory; the Germans and the Franch of 1870; the Bulgarians, the Servians, and the Greeks of 1912. Need we assume, without seeking proof, that the British alone among the nations are too basely selfish to defend their country?

A story has been told of the late Father Stanton that seems suggestively instructive. Father Stanton entered a railway carriage in which there were seated some roughs returning from a race meeting. Mistaking Stanton for a Roman Catholic priest, the roughs began to abuse the Pope, and presently discussed the question of Purgatory, obscenely expressing their disbelief in the existence of any such institution Stanton took no notice whatever until the train reached the next station, when he got out, and as he did so turned to the most loquacious of his tormentors: "Well, any friend," said he, "you dod't believe in Purgatory?" To this question the man replied, "No, I blinking well don't." Smiling sweetly, Father Stanton retorted, "All right, then—go to hell." In precisely the same spirit Dr. Maguire has set before his countrymen the alternatives: "Train or perish." Is it not usually preferable of two evils to choose the lesser? Actually however, military training is not an evil, but an exceedingly wholesome mental and physical education.

If it were a fact that the proposals of Lord Roberts went no further than "three or four months'" training of recruit, the objections of Sir Thomas Sturmy Cave would be partially valid. But the truth is far otherwise. The National Service League desires to train, for four months in the case of the infantry, and for six month in that of the other arms, not raw recruits, but cadets already well drilled and partially trained. The period of subsequent service proposed is four years, as at present, and in the opinion of the present writer the result would be a force having "pace" Major-General Bethune at Lloyd's) a fighting value at least 100 per cent. greater than that of the existing Territorial Force—to train which no attempt of any kind has yet been made. That four years represent too short a term of service to ensure full efficiency is not to denied; but if the period were extended to seven years we should have soldiers quite equal to those produced by the two years system of foreign countries—provided that the units of our reformed Territorial Force were maintained in time of peace, at strengths somewhat exceeding the war establishment, so that no reservists would be required on taking the field. Surely, it would not be too great a sacrifice for our young men to make for their conntry, that they should perform an easy Territorial service from the age of eighteen to that of twenty-five! Parade once a fortnight, on the average, with a compulsory week or voluntary fortnight in camp annually, ought not to dicovery very many "unwilling men."

Boys of the richer classes are now flogged far too little at school, and those of the poorer classes scarcely at all. The result is lazy boys who gow up to be lazy men, objecting to do anything whatever because it is "right," being rather guided by their own selfish ideas of what is momentarily pleasant. Solomon displayed unwisdom by taking to himself too many wives; and, if Ethiopian tradition be well founded, he indiscreetly presented to the Queen of Sheba, not only a share of his wisdom and riches, but also some tattered remnants of his heart But, be all this as it may, there is ample evidence that the greatest of Jewish kings was an exceedingly sagacious man; and has he not recorded his opinion that "to spare the rod is to spoil the child"? That "rod," however, probably does not signify indiscriminate application of cane or birch, but rather the exercise of sound discipline, supported only when absolutely necessary by means of corporal punishment. The "habit of discipline" would most certainly be acquired as a result of cadet training, followed by further training and service on reaching manhood; all would learn the meaning of the world duty, and all but the very base would act accordingly doing there "best" as a matter of course, in whatever circumstances—instead of the least that will suffice. Bacon tells us that "certainly the grant multiplication of virtues upon human nature re-teth upon societies well ordained and disciplined," and that "custom is most perfect when it beginneth in young years' this we call education, which is, in effect, but an early custom."—The malitary correspondent of the "Pall Mall Gazette,"

THE SIX MONTHS WAR.

VAST EFFECT UPON EUROPE.

A dramatic survey of all that has happened in the Near East, and its far-reaching significance, is given by the "Observer".

"There are obstinate details to settle, but the Six Month's War in the Balkans may now be regarded as practically over," says the "Observer." "When public opinion has already become dull to its meaning, the time has come to attempt some preliminary survey of its results, direct and indirect. These have been nothing less than vast. It is a commonplace to say that since Moltke's operations no campaign has been more astonishing in its course or more far-reaching in its consequences. Its influence will make itself felt throughout the whole system of world-politics in a way which no living man suspected beforehand, and towards issues which no mind can yet calculate. The change in the Balkans is what we know. Since the unification of Germany and Italy, no such constructive revolution has altered the map. That was not altogether unexpected. But no one foresaw the effect upon the fighting and diplomatic systems of Europe, at large upon the military organisations of Germany and France; upon the problems of Austria; the spirit of Russia; and the diplomacy of Britain.

"Political ability and daring, backed by prepared force, have again triumphed were all appeals to the names of liberty, wisdom, justice, had failed. It has been shown that no thinkable achievement, no catastrophe, is beyond the range of similar means. We have seen again that nationalities which seemed hopelessly submerged for centuries may rise; that a historic dominion thought to be in many respects still massive and formidable may disappear in a few weeks. Hence immense additions to Continental armies are about to signalise 1913, and all European States but ourselves are about to raise their armaments to a maximum. Tempting fate, like Turkey, we ourselves do nothing additional. On present indications our relative security in respect of every form of power, naval, aerial or military, will henceforth diminish each day.

SEARCHING TEST FOR EUROPE.

"Let us note one thing which optimism might fairly emphasise, but is certain to abuse. "The peace of Europe as a whole has survived the most searching test which has strained it for a hundred years." That is an extraordinary success. All the Powers are entitled to congratulate themselves upon that so far, and to Mr. Asquith as well as to Sir Edward Grey due praise must fall. The means by which a world-war is avoided in any given crisis seem always to threaten some huger struggle in the future, but sufficient for the day is the good thereof. The crisis anticipated as in nightmare by statesmen for a generation has been actually experienced; and peace has survived. The whole Near-Eastern question has been unrolled by war, and we have escaped Armageddon, though coming more than once within an inch of it. There is nothing in that to flatter a false sense of security. Only the balance of forces prevented Armageddon. It was not averted by mere hopes, sentiments, or words. Glance now at some of the facts which we shall have henceforth to reckon with in the Near East, when the coming settlement is finally effected and we have all brought our new maps of the Balkans. We can only enumrate main points without dwelling upon their significance. Hostile criticism of the Allies has been wrong right through the war. Our conviction is that it will prove equally wrong with regard to the settlement. The Allies have hard and even bitter bargains to drive with each other, but they know that if they fought over the spoils the world would turn away from them with disgust and contempt; or it might possibly choose then to settle the whole question over their heads. The Allies would be helpless if divided. We believe they will not fight. They need money and time to recover from heavy losses. Their statesmen, like their soldiers, seem quite as competent as are to be found elsewhere in Europe,

"Greece, which has made the largest gains, may be the least satisfied. She will, of course, have Crete and, doubtless, Salonika. Though she will not receive all the islands which must fall into her hands sooner or later, we hope that she will at least get Chios and Mytilene. One remark in this connection is of vital bearing. The naval importance of New Greece is bound to be such, her interests in the Mediterranean are so entirely at one with our own, that the cultivation of friendly relations with the Hellenic nation ought henceforth to be one of the most active concerns of our policy.

THE NEW BULGARIA.

"Stretching across three quarters of the Balkans, Bulgaria, with a Mediterranean sea-board, with two ports at Kavala and Dedeagatch, will be an exceedingly strong State with some extent of naval force. She will not be in a hurry to commit herself, but every attempt will be made to draw her into the Austrian orbit. Her ambition will grow, and the future attitude of St. Petersburg towards Sofia will be a crucial test of Russian statesmanship. Our own relations with Bulgaria ought to be those of very definite goodwill. Ferdinand will be guided solely by interests.

"Servia proper is in actual occupation, a large extent of Macedonian territory claimed by the Bulgars, but practical compromise of all theoretical rights and claims is a necessity of the case. King Peter's realm, still shut off from territorial access to the sea, will remain in the most difficult position, but its frontiers will henceforth march with Montenegro, despite the long efforts of the Ballplatz to prevent that junction. With coolness and patience at Belgrade a great future will lie before the Serb races.

"It is a plain and very important probability of European politics that the Roumanians will turn their eyes towards the millions of their race under Magyar supremacy, and will gradually draw nearer to Russia. The balancing weight of all these Balkan States will eventually mean new adjustments of the Continental scales.

TASK FOR AN AUSTRIAN BISMARCK.

"Directly and indirectly the Austrian position has been profoundly weakened," says the "Observer," "in a way that recalls Mazzini's old flash of prophecy: 'The Eastern question will be no sooner settled than the Austrian question will be raised.'" A wholly new and critical era opens for Hapsburg statesmanship. The very existence of the Dual Monarchy depends upon a change of attitude towards the South Slavs. Otherwise the despised Serbs even in our own time may hold the fate of the mosaic Empire in their hands and may turn down their thumbs An Austrian Bismarck would aim at a total reconstruction and would seek to create a great federal system, including a larger Servian and a larger Roumanian kingdom, and even a still bigger Bulgaria extending to Constantinople. Any attempt on these lines would task a Titan. It might mean ruin, and could, in no case, mean peace; but there will have to be some thorough change of spirit and structure in the Hapsburg system if the comparison is to be long sustained with Russia, whose vigour is again growing at a mighty pace and has been powerfully stimulated by the Slav success, in the war."

"DEATH SEEN IN A CRYSTAL."

CAMBRIDGE SUICIDE'S STRANGE VIEWS.

The adjourned inquest on Captain A. Albert Paul Schule and his two children, whom he shot dead, afterwards committing suicide, was concluded at Cambridge in mail week. Allegations made in an extraordinary letter left by Captain Schule in respect to the death of his wife in childbirth on Feb. 21 were refuted by professional evidence, and the jury returned a verdict completely vindicating the doctors and nurse connected with the case.

Dr. French, the coroner, read in full the letter left by Captain Schule. In this document the writer said that he had been driven to kill his children and commit suicide by grief, indignation, and despair at "the unnatural, horrible death of his wife" which had broken down his already intensely-suffering constitution, and had at last overthrown his mind. It was his unshaken conviction, he went on, that his wife's life could have been saved if an expert anœsthetist had performed the operation. After her ghastly end his broken children did not fear at all themselves what was called death. He claimed to have the same right to do with his children and himself exactly what the doctors did with his wife in a hollow pretence of their bit of medical science. He also wrote that when his wife came to after the operation she said: "They have murdered me."

Nurse Edwards, certified midwife, in her evidence, said that on the day of Mrs. Schule's confinement Dr. Graham had been in several times and examined the patient, but, being indisposed, got Dr. Searle to take up the case. After Dr. Searle's arrival he had to administer chloroform, and the child was delivered stillborn. Dr. Searle was assisted by Dr. Campbell. After the doctors had made the patient comfortable she (the nurse) was endeavouring to follow out the doctor's instructions, when Schule forced himself into the room against her wishes. He stamped his feet, and uttered loudly, "Murdered by chloroform!" He then left the room and returned with something up his coat-sleeve. He gave his wife two or three little sips of water after rubbing some water round her face, and forced something slyly into his wife's mouth, although she resisted as well as she was able. He then said that the room was too hot, and he struggled with the nurse to remove the bedclothes and afterwards opened the window, although the doctors had ordered hot-water bottles to be placed in the bed. About twenty minutes after he had forced something into his wife's mouth she gave a few gasps and expired. Altogether it was a horrible ordeal.

SEEN IN A CRYSTAL.

Dr. Searle, who attended the confinement for Dr. Graham, said that Capt. Schule behaved towards him in a most irrational way. He said the mother and child would die, as he had seen it in a crystal and also in a horoscope. Capt. Schule said his wife was a dying woman, and he must be in the room. His conduct had a bad effect on the wife's condition. Capt. Schule threatened witness. The wife told him she had a revolver and would shoot him if irritated. Witness came to the conclusion that a certain operation was necessary, and it was absolutely indispensable that the patient should be under an anæsthetic. Witness asked Capt. Schule to fetch another doctor, but he refused, and the maid was sent. At length he obtained the assistance of Dr. Campbell, who agreed about the operation.

The proper anæsthetic was used. The patient acquiesced in the use of chloroform. A dead child was delivered after two hours. The mother recovered from the anæsthetic, and the doctors remained long enough to see that she was all right. Dr. Searle added that he was recalled some time later, when he found the woman was dead. He saw Capt. Schule, who was very threatening, and he feared he would shoot witness. Capt. Schule propounded an extraordinary theory as to the effect that chloroform would have on his wife's astral body and her brain.

Dr. Campbell concurred with Dr. Searle's evidence.

The jury returned a verdict that Captain Schedule murdered his two children and afterwards committed suicide during a period of temporary insanity. They added that the doctors and nurse had quite vindicated themselves against any allegations made in Captain Schule's letter.

THE STATION MASTER'S DOG.

At the High Court, Calcutta, before Justices Imam and Chapman, Mr. K. N. Chaudhuri, with Babu Norendro Kumar Bose, moved on behalf of C. W. Desilver, against an order of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Khustria, convicting the petitioner of doing a rash negligent act, and sentencing him to pay a fine of Rs. 25.

The petitioner was the station-master of the Poradah Railway Station on the Eastern Bengal State Railway. On the evening of the 24th September last he was sitting in the railway refreshment room when a dog came and bit his puppy. Desilver sent for his gun, went after the dog which was lying on the ground against a pillar of the passengers waiting room, and fired at it, with the result that a man who was sitting on the platform was hurt. The Sub-Divisonal Magistrate of Kushtia held a local investigation and, after examining witnesses, found on the 28th October last that there was no case against Desilver, and he dropped the proceedings. Subsequently the local police took up the investigation, and a regular case was started against Desilver. The same Sub-Divisional Magistrate tried the case and found Desilver guilty.

Counsel submitted that the judgment was a most curious document and upon the facts found and circumstances of the case, no offence was made out. It was also pointed out that out of the fine inflicted, compensation was awarded to the complainant, though the Magistrate had not found that the accused was responsible for the scretch which the complainant has received.

Their Lordships issued a rule on the District Magistrate of Nadia to show cause why the conviction and sentence should not be set aside.

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NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

UNITED STATES NOTES.

Ex-Secretary MacVeagh's order changing the size and design of all paper money of the United States has been suspended by Secretary McAdoo, his successor. The Secretary will authorise no change in the bills until Congress acts on currency legislation, which may affect the design and character of paper money. As far as he has studied the question, Secretary McAdoo is favourable to a smaller-sized currency.

MAYOR SHOT IN STREET.

A message from Havana states that Senor Ceferino Mendez, the recently-elected Conservative Mayor of the city of Cienfuegos, in the province of Santa Clara, has been assassinated by a band of men, who waylaid him in the street and riddled him with bullets. The motive of the crime is known to be political. Six persons suspected of complicity in the crime have been arrested. Fears are entertained by the authorities that the murder may be the beginning of a serious feud between the Conservatives and the Liberals.

RITUAL MURDER CASE.

An extraordinary tragedy is reported Kieff in connection with the case of Jewish clerk Beiliss, who is charged with the murder of the Christian boy Yushinski. The telegram states that Latisheff, one of the chief accomplices of Vera Cheberiak, the leader of the gang which is suspected of murdering the boy, while being questioned in the examining magistrate's room, seized a favourable moment to break a window, and attempted to escape down a waterpipe. Losing his hold, however, he fell from the fourth storey, and was killed on the spot.

REVIVAL OF A BARONY.

The Hon. Mary Frances K. Petre, the twelve-year-old daughter of Audrey Lady Petre, becomes Baroness Furnivall by the announcement that the King has determined in her favour the abeyance now existing in the Barony of Furnivall. She becomes the youngest peeress on the roll in her own right. The Barony of Furnivall has been in abeyance since 1777. The claim to it by Audrey Lady Petre on behalf of her daughter was heard last December by the Committee of Privileges of the House of Lords, which held that the Barony should be dated as from 1295.

ENGLISHMAN IN A REVOLUTION.

A telegram from Naco (Arizona) reports that after four days' brilliant and daring driving off of the besiegers of Naco (Mexico) General Pedro Ojeda, the commader of th, garrison, has promoted John Dean, an Englishman, to the rank of general for services rendered by him. His expert marksmanship is said to have been directly responsible for the many severe defeats suffered by the horde of Constitutionalists surrounding the small Federal post. Dean saw service in the Transvaal and other campaigns.

MR. BURNS.

A Labour correspondent of "The Times" writes:—Among the nominations for the general secretaryship of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers appears the name of Mr. John Burns, President of the Local Government Board. Though Mr. Burns is no longer a working engineer, he still retains his membership of the society, and is in every respect qualified to stand for the position. His nomination has been accepted, and he has not up to the present withdrawn, so that his name will be voted on by the members. Other candidates include Mr. Tom Mann, Mr. G. N. Barnes, M.P., the former general secretary, and Mr. Jenkin Jones, the present holder of the position, who was suspended by the executive before they were evicted.

PENSIONS FOR MOTHERS.

The Ohio Legislature has enacted a Bill providing pensions for mothers to enable poor women to bring up their children. A woman with one child will receive $15 (Rs. 45) a month, with $7 (Rs. 21) a month for each additional child on condition that the mother has lived in Ohio for two years, is a widow or has a husband who is physically or mentally disabled, or has deserted her and has sons under fifteen or daugters under sixteen. The Court must be satisfied that without a pension the home would be broken up and that the woman is a proper guardian for her children. The Bill is part of a "child code," which is motherly in other respects, empowering, for instance, a board of charities to supervise all maternity hospitals and children's institutions.

ATTACK ON A CHAUFFEUR.

At Essones, near Paris, a little girl named Gabrielle Boinquet has been run over by a motor-car belonging to Mr. Alexander Granville 13, Grosvenor-square, London. Mr. Graville, says the "Temps," was returning from the Riviera in his private car, driven by an English chauffeur. Passing through Essones the car swerved into the middle of the road to avoid an omnibus and another car passing in the opposite direction. Three children who were crossing the road were caught between the two cars, and one was knocked down and sustained grave injuries, from which she succumbed shortly after. Mr. Granville's car was seized by the police. This was the second fatal accident caused by motor-cars in the little town of Essones that day and the inhabitants were so enraged that they stopped the next motor-car which appeared and attempted to lynch the chauffeur, who was forced to draw his revolver to protect himself.

LA NAPIERKOWSKA IN A POLICE COURT.

Mlle. Napierkowska, who has been performing her "Dance of the Bee" at the Palace Theatre, New York, has just had an encounter with the law on account of allegations that her dance was improper. Detectives McCafferty and Britton declared the dance a danger to New York morals. The former took the stand and told how shocked he had been when he saw the dance of the Bee. Britton, who had sat in an other part of the audience, McCafferty added, had been equally bewildered at it. "What sort of a dance is this?" inquired the magistrate. "It was a dance. A sort of hootchi kootchi." "What is a hootchi kootchi?" asked Assistant District Attorney Boetzel. Why, you know——" hesitated the witness. The Magistrate spared the embarrassed prosecutor. He hurriedly asked the detective how much he had seen of such dancers. McCafferty said he had seen a good deal. Then the detective described the performance. The dancer finds a rose upon the desert sand. As she picks it up a bee flutters out and conceals itself in her clothing. It threatens to sting her, and the woman, by quick movements in time to the music, keeps it from her. In her chase of the bee she removes certain articles of attire. Her legs and her back were bare, the detective thought. The courtroom was crowded. A report had gone abroad that the Polish dancer was to give an exhibition in the court-room to afford the magistrate a chance to judge the dance. She was willing and so was the press agent, but the magistrate thought a demonstration unnecessary and dismissed the case.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

GOLFER'S SURPRISE.

There are some very good stories in a collection published under the title of "Chestnuts, Hot and Cold." Here are a few of them:—

A golfing story told by a high dignitary of the Church is of a man who had done himself very well at lunch. At the first hole he holed an approach shot; when he came to the green and saw the ball in the hole, he was greatly disturbed, as he quite realised there was a good deal missing from the usual ritual; he therefore exclaimed to his caddie, "Oh, lor'! Gimme the niblick!"

AMERICAN.

An American tourist, after seeing the great Victoria Falls, admitted, with a regretful sight: "Wal, I guess, after that, Niagara is jes a perspiration."

AN ADVERTISEMENT.

If John Smith, who, twenty years ago deserted his poor wife and babe, will return said babe will knock the stuffing out of him.

POLITENESS.

A lady was holding forth on the decadence of manners and courtesy from men to women. She ended by saying: "The only time that I can remember during the last twenty years that a man has offered me his seat in a public conveyance was the other day, when I entered a tramcar capable of seating fifteen a side, and found it empty, expect for a solitary man very drunk, who insisted on rising so that I could sit down, and continued to stand during the remainder of the journey, clinging to a strap."

LUCY GREY.

A very nice and gentle curate went to a Yorkshire parish where the parishioners bred horses and sometimes raced them. He was asked to invite the prayers of the congregation for Lucy Grey. He did so. They prayed three Sundays for Lucy Grey. On the fourth the clerk told the curate he need not do so any more. "Why?" said the curate. "Is she dead?" "No," said the clerk, "she's won the steeplechase." The curate became quite a power in the parish.

IRISH.

An Irishman was accused of stealing a cow, and ten witnesses were produced who swore to seeing him take it. Not to be outdone, he produced twenty witnesses who had not seen him do so, and was more than ever convinced there was no justice in Ireland when this evidence did not get him off.

CONJURING.

Samuels Isaacson and were dinning at the same house. To Isaacson's indignation he saw Samuels pocket a beautiful gold spoon when no one was looking. This worried him greatly, as there were only three on the table, and he dared not pocket one himself for fear someone should notice its absence. Suddenly an idea struck him, and he got the conversation on to conjuring, and casually mentioned he was rather good at it. Of course, every one asked him to do some tricks, so he did. "Now you thee thisth spoon? I put it in my pocket, and say: 'Hey prestho, passth!' You will now find it in Mither Thamuel's dreth coat pocket." And there, sure enough, it was, to the unspeakable rage of Samuels.

A HURRICANE!

A man living in the country went to dine with a friend who lined near, taking with him a hurricane lamp to come home with. The next morning he found that he had forgotten the lamp, and had come back without it. He therefore wrote a note to his friend, and sent it over by a gardener, asking him to let the bearer have the lamp which he had forgotten. To which he got a reply saying: "I return your lamp. Would you place return me our parrot in its cage which you took away by mistake last night?",

LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE.

"My huaband," said an American wife to a friend, "has passed the limit." "What has he done?" "He was ill last night and made me get a mustard plaster for him. and after I put it on he turned reproachfully, and said to me. 'Your mustard plasters do not hurt like those that my mother used to make.'"—British Weekly."

NOT A "BLOATED ARISTOCRAT."

One good story of Lord Claud Hamilton is worth recalling (says the "Daily Dispatch"). "Gentlemen, I have been spoken of as a 'bloated aristocrat,'" he told the electors whose suffrages he was seeking. Then, passing his hand down his thin chest, he went on, "Gentlemen, is that quite fair? 'Am I bloated?" He was never afterwards called a bloated aristocrat in that constituency.

FATHER VAUGHAN AND THE SUFFRAGETTE.

One of the incidents of Father Bernard Vaughan's tour in the States (says the "Daily News") was an encounter with a Suffragette (American species). The haughty lady approached the English visitor and said: "And where would you be pray, but for a woman?"

"Madame," came the reply, "on a sultry evening like this I should be eating ice-cream under an apple-tree in the Garden of Eden!"

THE WAITER.

First-class foreign waiters in London have no fear that the London County Council's training school for waiters at the Westminster Institute in Vincent-square, S.W., will have sufficient measure of success to deprive them of their present monopoly of the higher walk of their calling. "The school," said one of them, "is a very good idea, and I know the training must be excellent, for I have worked with the instructor. But it does not get the boys to train, and it is my opinion that it never will. The English man of the working class has never in his life seen a real waiter, not to recognise him as one. How can you expect him to bring up his son to be a waiter when he knows nothing of the trade?" It is true, as this waiter pointed out, that the lower branches of the waiter's trade, of which alone the average working man has any knowledge, seem to offer no attraction or opportunities of advancement to an intelligent father or an ambitious boy. But to the instructed youth competent for the better-class employment, there are opportunities of seeing the world such as few callings offer. A capable waiter has a trade in his hands that will carry him to any part of the world.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"THE CAP AND BELLS."

"Politics is a game," says the Earl of Chislehurst in the last act. "In England it used to be played by amateurs; now it is played by professionals," which was probably meant to be a condemnation of the present system; but one cannot help feeling that if the two professionals whose battle of wits and creeds was listened to with so much interest and amusement represented the average peer and the average Labour member, there would not be much cause for complaint or lack of confidence. But one rather doubts that, for the peer who "dresses and dines" and the Socialist who "washes and eats" are particularly fine specimens of their different classes, perhaps the best. The balance throughout the play is kept with a fairness and toleration rather rare in drama that deals with the world of politics, and though the Labour member is "down and out" at the end, one feels not so much that his ideas are wrong and the peer's right as a desire to mix up the best in the conduct and opinions of the two leaders into one harmonious workable whole.

A SMALL PLOT.

There is very little story to tell, but what the play lacks in incident, which often happens "off," is atoned for by the remarkable aptness and brilliance of the dialogue. The Earl's daughter, Lady Clara Marden, has made through her Suffragette sympathies the acquaintance of Percy Robinson, who earns his four hundred a year and lives on it. He has written a book called "Peer and People," a scathing attack on the class she represents. Lady Clara is engaged to the Duke of Dartford, whom her Socialist friend has publicly characterised as "a foetid, unhealthy fungus," and who says of himself that he is "Liberal in everything except politics." He is an extreme type of the empty-headed "idle rich," and she naturally compares him with the active, strong man, to the disadvantage of the former. Robinson has been annoying her father for some time by his attacks, and matters come to a head when the Labour leader stirs up the men employed on the railway of which he is chairman to go out on strike. It is war to the knife between the two men—the old struggle between capital and labour—but in this case with a little love sandwiched in between the slices. He has lost his heart to Lady Clara, and she prevails upon him to discontinue a struggle which is having disastrous consequences on the men's wives and children. She wins only to find herself defeated by her own heart. Her love makes havoc of her pride, and in a scene that was rather too long she pathetically offers herself to him to be his love. At first he will not accept her sacrifice, but eventually he takes Lady Clara with her father's blessing, three thousand a year, and five thousand acres of land!

Conflict is the motive power of drama, and in this play it will be seen that there is a good deal of warfare. One could wish, however, good as are the wordy encounters and bright repartees, that there could have been a little more emotion, a little more real feeling. "The Cap and Bells" plays lightly enough over the surface of life, but one looks forward to the time when Mr. Robert Vansittart, whose maiden effort it is believed to be, will give us something with a little more heart in it. At the same time he is to be congratulated most heartily on a very promising debut. When he has learnt a little more of the technique of the theatre he will handle his material to greater advantage. One cannot praise too highly the acting which was well-nigh perfect. The cast was admirably chosen, and Miss Ethel Warwick has never been seen before so restrained and so artistic. She gave an excellent performance of a rather difficult part. Percy Ribonson, played by Mr. Godfrey Tearle was even more difficult, but he made him both convincing and attractive Mr. Fred Kerr was altogether delightful as the wittiest of peers, Miss Maude Millett was engaging and natural as his clever wife, while Mr. Eric Maturin gave a finished study of 'an empty-headed gold maniac.

CURIOUS INDIAN TOPICAL PLAY.

The March number of the "Deutsche Rundschau" contains an account of a literary excursion that has surely few parallels. Herr C. Capeller has come across a "modern Sanskrit drama," that deals, on orthodox (Sanskrit) lines, with the episodes of the Coronation Durbar. The author, Mr. Laxman Suri, is a Madras pundit, who is said to have gained considerable literary fame by his poetical and learned writings. "The Delhi Sovereignty" is a play in five acts, chiefly prose, though passages in verse are of frequent occurrence. In the first act, after a benediction and a "Vorspiel," after the manner of "Faust," in which the manager takes the chief part, there is a long soliloquy from Lord Hardinge, in which the Viceroy expresses a keen desire to induce the King to come to India. His private secretary then appears, and successfully combats his doubts and difficulties, suggesting that the Archbishop of Canterbury may be enlisted in support of the project. The second act shows the House of Lords assembled, rather unconstitutionally, under the presidency of Lord Crewe. The question of the Indian journey, previously approved by the Commons, is left for discussion to two peers on either side. Lords Lansdowne and Curzon oppose Lords Crewe and Morley; a poetical epistle from the Viceroy is read, and, after an amusing debate, all opposition is withdrawn. The third act is laid at Buckingham Palace. Besides the Royal Family, the Archbishop of Canterbury (who, like Queen Alexandra, has a preference for metrical expression) and the Astrologer Royal are seen. The opinion of the Astrologer settles it, and the voyage is decided on. The fourth act is at Bombay, and deals with the reception of the King, and the presentation to his Majesty of various notabilities. The Royal chauffeur is the deus ex machina employed to bring the scene to an end. Finally comes Delhi and the Durbar. An American and his wife, newly arrived by balloon, give a modern, realistic tone to the affair. The play ends with the declaration, inspired by the Astrologer, that Delhi is to be the future capital, and with a general benediction by the Viceroy. The author's conception of British rule in India, marked by a reasoned and consistent loyalty, is not without its lessons for the statesman.

INDIAN DRAMA IN LONDON.

The Indian Art, Dramatic, and Friendly Society is making preparations to present the historical Indian play, "Ratnavali; or A Necklace," on May 15, 22, and 29 at the Cosmopolis Theatre. It is a romantic comedy, with several Indian songs, based upon events which took place in Ceylon at the end of the eleventh century, and its authorship is attributed to King Sri Harsha Deva, who reigned in Kashmir from A.D. 1113 to A.D. 1125. The "Ratnavali" in short, may be taken as one of the connecting links between the old and new schools of Indian drama, indicating a wider deviation from manners purely Hindu, greater refinement, and more luxurious indulgence, through which Hindu poetry passed from elevation to extravagance. Many distinguished society people are taking interest in the Indian Art, Dramatic, and Friendly Society whose main object is to present Indian plays before the British public. Among them are Lord George Hamilton, Lord Howard de Walden, Lord Avebury, Lord Lamington, Lord Ampthill, Sir Herbert Tree, Sir Charles Wyndham, the Chinese Ambassador, Lady Florence Duncombe, Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, Sir George Reid, Sir Mancherjee Bhownagree, and the Earl of Sandwich.

ANOTHER REPERTORY THEATRE.

The Croydon Repertory Theatre has been opened and with it begins one more chapter in the latter-day history of our stage which, it is to be hoped, will be immediately successful and ultimately beneficial to the British Theatre. The repertory theatres in the provinces, as also in London, are to be heartily welcomed. For many years past the only hope a British dramatist could cherish of getting a footing on the British stage lay in London; and, with all the goodwill in the world, the London managers could not be expected to give an opening to every clever dramatist in the kingdom who asked them for it. Now, not only the theatres of London are open to them, but also the Repertory Theatres of Dublin, Belfast, Glasgow, Liverpool, Manchester, Stockport, Birmingham, and other cities and towns, to which list Croydon may happily now be added. In all these established Repertory Theatres short "runs" are the rule, and a fresh unconventional view of life in the play presented is a "sine qua non."

Obviously, the artistic value of a Repertory, as of any other theatre, depends on the people who are at its head. Where these people are honest and enthusiastic followers of the admirable principles of selection and interpretation laid down by the Abbey Theatre, under Mr. Yeats and Lady Gregory, the Manchester Theatre, under Miss Horniman, and the Court Theatre, London, under Messrs. Barker and Vedrenne they have the opportunity of performing an almost immeasurable service to the intellectual drama of the art of acting. In any case, a great and notable movement has begun, and is spreading. As Robert Schumann once wrote, when a similarly emancipatory movement in the world of music was in progress, "A rosy light is dawning in the sky. Whence it cometh I know not; but in any case, O youth, make for the light!"

LONDON'S ADVANTAGES.

London at the present moment may be said to be well provided for. Indeed, although of course, every such endeavour deserves a welcome, it is doubtful if the need of a Repertory Theatre in the metropolis has been ever very acute in recent years. There are so many theatres, and the variety of entertainment provided is so extensive, that all tastes seem to be provided for. Then, of course, with the London system of counting on a long "run," we get splendours of scenery and costume and perfections of cast which would be quite beyond the means of the ordinary Repertory Theatre. For obvious reasons no Repertory Theatre could put, say, "Twelfth Night" into its bill (for a forthnight or so) with such perfection of music and scenery and such felicities of cast, as we lately saw at the Savoy; or such a play as "The Mind-the-Paint Girl" or "John Glayde's Honour," with the costliness of setting and the accomplishment of acting seen 'at the Duke of York's or the St. James's or "Julius Cæsar" with such elaboration as at His Majesty's. Then there is all the good work now being done at the Kingsway to consider, and the varied attractions offered at the rest of our West End theatres. No London is not by any means badly off; but the provinces and the suburban theatres have for decades been practically starved, so far as original work is concerned; and it is as a means of putting a stop to the old vicious dependence on the metropolis, not merely for plays, but also for acting (for, in the average touring company, the performers are definitely instructed to give as close a possible an imitation of their London prototypes), that one welcomes with all one's heart the uprising of these Repertory Theatres in every part of the kingdom.

DEATH OF A FAMOUS FAST BOWLER.

Thomas Jayes, the Leicestershire cricketer, died in mail week at Ratby from consumption. A very fine right-handed fast bowler, who, despite his pace, at times made the ball turn considerably, Jayes first played for Leicestershire in 1903, but it was not until two years later, when the temporary disablement of King gave him his chance, that he became a regular member of the eleven. In that season he took 95 wickets, and in the following summer 93, while in 1909 he obtained 102 wickets for less than 20 runs apiece. His health broke down early in the summer of 1911, when his appearances for Leicestershire were only two in number. The Leicestershire County Club sent him out to Switzerland to try what a change of climate would do for him, but there was never much hope of his recovery.

Tremendously keen on the field, Jayes was one of the finest mid-offs of his generation, and by his inspiriting example he did much to encourage his colleagues. A hard-hitting batsman, he once made 100 against Warwickshire at Birmingham and another time 74 against Derbyshire, in the latter match also taking nine wickets in one innings. Jayes was one of the men originally picked for the Test match between England and Australia at Lord's in 1909 At the last moment, however, it was decided to leave him out, and England, going into the field without a right-hand fast bowler, suffered defeat by nine wickets.

Born on April 7, 1877, Jayes was just over 36 years of age at the time of his death. It is interesting to note that Jayes was an uncle of Astill, the young Leicestershire bowler.

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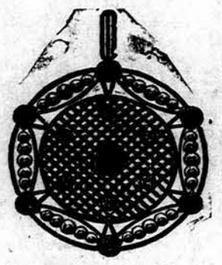

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